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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.50 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
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An Englishman acknowledges that in the matter of hotel elevators, at least, the United States can surpass his native land, for in England the "lifts" run with exasperating slowness, and only a few people at a time are permitted to enter one.

The number of men killed and wounded on the railroads of this country in 1889 was more than twice the loss of the Union army at Gettysburg, there having been killed over 6000, while the number of the maimed and crippled was over 26,000.

A French physician claims to have discovered a means of obtaining an imprint of any hand that has touched a piece of paper, or of a foot that has trodden the floor. For this purpose he relies on the use of chemicals, which render visible slight traces of perspiration or sebaceous deposit.

One of the best proofs of French economy is the general use of conglomerate fuel. Fuel is dear in France, and they use briquettes or little bricks of coal dust, which are clean, do not waste, are easily handled, occupy ten per cent. space, and burn freely where coal dust could not otherwise be used.

The grain trade from the port of New York for the year 1891 was the largest in ten years, being seventy and a half millions of bushels. This represents a shipping tonnage of close upon two millions and a quarter, and it is not satisfactory to find, confesses the New York Press, that these millions of tons of American produce are almost entirely transported in foreign bottoms. Only twenty-five cargoes sailed under the American flag.

The people of the United States, comparing themselves with other nations, ought to feel well satisfied with their lot, says the New York News. While our national debt per capita is only $14.63, or, including state and county debts, $20.46, that of France is $116.35; of the Netherlands, $955.6; of Great Britain, $87.79; and of Italy, $76.06. Another favorable feature of our financial condition is that while the aggregate public indebtedness of foreign nations nearly doubled between 1880 and 1890, that of the United States was reduced nearly one-half. Taken altogether, the world is about fifty thousand million dollars in debt.

The Indians of the Iowa tribe are all told but 100 of them, about twenty-five families, between this and seeding time that they will receive $25,000 worth of seeds, implements and $1000 worth of live stock to each family. This alone seems pretty liberal, but besides the stocking up of their farms, continues the New Orleans Picayune, they are to be paid $100 per capita annually for fifteen years, or over $400 to each family. They have each a good farm, which by leasing, will bring at least $500 apiece each year. Then to make sure that no injustice is done to the poor Indians, the Government pays for the education of their children and exempts them from taxation. It is not bad to be an Indian.

Some of the Maine coast dwellers are no better off in respect to school and church privileges, states the Chicago Herald, that the people of the remote Aroostook wilderness, who never see anything much except trees and bears. A man who lives on Great Diamond Island, Portland lower harbor, has three children of school age, but there is no school on Great Diamond and therefore he appealed to the mayor of Portland for assistance in the matter. It has been arranged that the children shall be transported daily, at the city's expense to Peak's Island, where there is a school. It isn't every poor family who have a private steamboat at their disposal daily, as in this case, and the children enjoy the distinction about as much as they do the trip.

The retirement of privates from the regular army is of the most infrequent occurrence, says the Washington Post, from the simple fact it is seldom they ever remain long enough in the service to reach the age of sixty-two years. Private Thomas Kelly of Battery K at the Washington barracks, however, has added another to the list and well earned his retirement, which has already been announced. He landed at Boston harbor, and in 1862 enlisted in Company H of the Thirty-ninth Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteers. His regiment was assigned to the Fifth Corps, under General Warren. The first battle that Kelly was in was that at South Mountain and the second was at Laurel Hill, Va., where he was severely wounded. Having been left on the field he was taken prisoner, and that ended his appearance on the field so far as open hospitalities were concerned. At the close of the war he received an honorable discharge and returned to Boston; but he had grown used to being a soldier, and in less than a year thereafter he enlisted in the regular army, and has served continuously since.

Down the Stream.

Love! It began with a glance,
Grew with the growing of flowers,
Smiled in a dreamful trance,
Reckoned not the passage of hours;
Our passions' flood rose ever,
Flowing for her and me,
Till the brook became a river
And the river became a sea.

Grief! It began with a word,
Grew with the winds that raved;
A prayer for pardon unheard,
Pardon in turn uncraved;
The bridge so easy to sever,
The stream so swift to be free!
Till the brook became a river,
And the river became a sea.

Life! It began with a sigh,
Grew with leaves that are dead;
Its pleasures with wings to fly,
Its sorrows with limbs of lead;
And rest remaineth never
For the wearier hours to be,
Till the brook shall become a river,
And the river become a sea.
—[Lord Houghton.

BETSEY'S IDEA.

BY HELEN FORREST GRAVES.

Mrs. Kybers's drawing-room had never looked lovelier than on this raw December afternoon. Long-stemmed roses in Royal Worcester vases, threw out fragrant hints of June; a cannel coal fire blazed in a huge colonial fireplace, and Lillian's hair flashed back its golden wires, half hidden by a fantastic Roman scarf.

Opposite the window, a strange, weird landscape in oils occupied the place of honor. Many an artist owed his life's success to entering the "Royal Road" through Mrs. Kyber's afternoon receptions and the obscure desciples of art vied with each other for her favor.

The room was full of people, quiet of voice, elegant of attire. Mrs. Kyber stood by the doorway, smiling and gracious.

Lilian, at the other end of the room, was dispensing bread and butter, orange-pekoe tea and brown, frothing chocolate, and as the guests came and went, Mrs. Kyber was mentally coming to the agreeable conclusion that her afternoon was a success, when suddenly her "dearest foe," one Mrs. Magnus Martindale, fluttered up to her.

"Good-by, dear!" she said. "So glad your rooms are so full! But you always did attract people."

"Thank you!" said Mrs. Kyber, serenely.

"And it's so ridiculous, isn't it," added Mrs. Martindale, adjusting the fifth button of her glove, "that you and I should have chanced to fix upon the same evening for our reception?"

"It's rather a coincidence," observed Mrs. Kyber.

"But then, you see, Signora Sivardi could only come to me on Tuesday. And Signora Sivardi is such an attraction! Good by! I really mustn't keep the horses waiting any longer."

Mrs. Kyber's color had risen, and then paled. She looked at Lilian. Lilian returned the glance with interest, even while she gave old Miss Pooley a cup of chocolate and listened to Doctor Drowell's tedious reminiscences of his last trip to Egypt.

"Mother," she whispered, as she came past, carrying some sponge-cakes to a lady in the corner, who seemed temporarily neglected, "as true as you live that woman has offered Sivardi more than we did, and the singer has thrown us over!"

And Mrs. Kyber only responded by a look of despair.

While the lady in the corner was eating her sponge cakes and drinking amber-clear tea, Lilian ran up stairs to the big western bedroom.

"Betsey," she cried, cheerfully, "there is some chocolate and cake for you, since you won't come into the drawingroom."

A round faced, dark eyed girl of twenty sat curried up in the window seat, staring out at the leaden sky.

It was Betsey Bloom, a second cousin of Miss Kyber.

"Me!" echoed Betsey, with an impatient movement of her shoulders, "In the drawingroom? I should look pretty there, shouldn't I? But all the same, Lilian, it's real good of you to ask me. Mother said you city folks would be ashamed of me, but you are not—not a bit!"

Lilian sat down beside her on the window seat, and put her arm caressingly around the ill-gowned waist.

"Betsey," said she, "you've been crying."

"No, I hain't!"

"Yes, Betsey, you have. Tell me what the matter is."

"The matter is," cried Betsey, "that I'm a failure! I've got to go back to Cockletown and own up that I'm beat. I thought I was going to make a living in New York, and I hain't no show at all. I thought, 'cause I could sing in the church choir, that I could give lessons and get engagements here. But I can't!"

"But you have a sweet voice, Betsey!"

"So have nine hundred and ninety-nine other people. And I'm only Betsey Bloom of Cockletown, and I never shall be any one else if I live to be a hundred. So I've made up my mind that I'll go back, and go into the mill, or get a place to teach the district school. And there's an end of all my dreams about a c-c-career!"

And Betsey's big round tears trickled down her cheeks, and the end of her nose grew purple, like an under-ripe plum.

"You an' your ma 've been awful good to me, Lilian," whispered she. "I won't never forget it. I know I'm an awkward country girl, and I know that my clothes ain't up to the New York mark, and I don't even pronounce my words like you do; but—but you've treated me just as if I was a queen!"

"Don't cry, Betsey," soothed Lilian. "Drink this hot chocolate, and then lie die on the sofa and rest. You're tired and nervous."

"I don't know about being nervous," snorted Betsey, "but I am tired. I guess you'd be tired a-trampin' up and down to educational bureaus, and intelligence offices, and musical headquarters and all that sort o' thing. I dunno why I can't have the luck o' that Madam Sivardi that's to sing at your ma's reception, and gets fifty dollars a night. It'll take me long enough I know to earn fifty dollars at the Cockletown silk mills, or even teaching school at Cockletown Centre."

Lilian sighed.

"She isn't going to sing at mamma's reception," said she. "Mrs. Magnus Martindale has been tampering with her. She's going to play us false. At least that's what mamma and I think."

"Lilian!"

Betsey Bloom had suddenly straightened herself up and seized her cousin's arm.

"Yes?"

"Why couldn't I sing at your mother's evening?"

"You, Betsey?"

"Yes. I wouldn't charge a cent. I'd only be too glad of the chance. I don't mean that I could sing Italian bravuras and that sort of thing; but I know all the good old-fashioned songs; and why wouldn't that please people just for a change? I could dress up old woman style, you know, and it would be a little different from the common. And I'd sing 'White Cockade,' and 'Banks of Allan Water,' and 'Bonnie Doon,' and 'Cruel Barbara Allen.' Grandmother Bloom taught me lots o' them old-fashioned songs."

Lilian's eyes sparkled. She sprang to her feet.

"Betsey," said she, "it's a good idea! We'll try it. I don't believe but that it would please mamma's friends more than the Sivardi herself. But don't tell mamma. You shall do your practicing when she is out and we'll make it a genuine surprise."

"I'd ruther the artist-fellow shouldn't come," stipulated Betsey, rather awkwardly. "He always looks at me so sort o' queer and amused, as if I wasn't more'n than half civilized."

"Do mean you Mr. Lowrie? He's the best natured man in the world."

"All the same he makes me as nervous a a cat."

"Well, perhaps he won't come. And now, Betsey, I must hurry back to mamma's guests. But I really think that idea of yours is a capital one. We'll think it over, Betsey."

Mrs. Kyber was very low spirited about her evening reception.

"It's so difficult," said she, "to make such an affair different from everybody else's. I do like my receptions to be characteristic. And Sivardi would have been such a card to play! It was perfectly disgraceful of her to throw me over at the eleventh hour in that sort of way; and especially after the invitations had gone out with 'Musical' in the corners."

"Well, mamma, it shall be 'musical!' reassured Lilian. "Mr. Lowrie will give you an air on the violin, and I'll play some of my old harp solos."

"That's all nonsense!"

"Mamma, do you mean to say that we're not musical?" laughed merry Lilian.

But all her badinage failed to bring a smile to Mrs. Kyber's perturbed countenance.

The evening came; the guests assembled.

Mrs. Martindale's special friend was there, dispatched by that lady herself, to bring back a personal and authentic account of Mrs. Kyber's discomfiture and defeat.

Jack Lowrie, the artist, was there with his violin.

"If the field daisy gets frightened at the eleventh hour," remarked he, "I'll be ready to face the emergency. But she won't be frightened. The field daisy is too plucky for that."

"Jack," cried Lilian, "why do you call her the field daisy?"

"Because she's so pretty."

"Betsey Bloom! Pretty?"

"Yes. Don't you think so?"

"I—never did think so," said Lilian, slowly. "She has a fresh complexion and bright, pleasant eyes. Well, yes, perhaps she is pretty. But, Jack, you mustn't look at her too critically, or you will embarrass her."

"I! Critically! Why, Lill, I look at her because she is so like a wild, woodland flower."

"Is that the reason," said Lillian, laughing.

"Why on earth have you got up the little stage and the silk drop-curtain?" asked Mrs. Kyber, with rather a bewildered air.

"Jack thought—"

"Jack Lowrie is too fantastic for anything," said Mrs. Kyber, laughing. "However, I suppose I must indulge him, since his violin is to be our sole refuge tonight. And there is such a crowd!"

But when the silken curtain slid noiselessly aside, showing an old-fashioned personage with a poke bonnet, a black visite and an immense green-cotton umbrella bulging out on every side, with a blackground of tall red hollyhocks and a farm-house door, sketched by Jack Lowrie's facile hand, Mrs. Kyber was the most amazed of any one in the room.

With the long, quivering thrills of Jack's violin, the poke-bonneted heroine burst out into the sweet, wild accents of "Cruel Barbara Allen." Next came "Old Rosin the Bow," "Banks and Braes of Bonnie Doon" and Mary of Argyle," and each in its turn elicited more enthusiastic applause.

Old people surreptitiously wiped their eyes; young ones listened with deep interest. Everybody whispered, "Who is it?" And when at last Betsey Bloom courtesied low, and the curtain concealed her poke bonnet and green cotton umbrella, round after round of applause filled the room.

"You have prepared a most delightful surprise for us, Mrs. Kyber," said old Judge Pugleby, wiping his frost-white lashes. "I declare that 'Roll On, Silver Moon,' has taken me back to my childhood days again. Who's the artist? I'm sure she's the very one that my daughter would like to sing at her Fridays in January."

And Mrs. La Velle, the most exclusive and aristocratic great lady in Fifth avenue, whispered an entreaty for "that clever creature's address" in Mrs. Kyber's ear.

"She's got it in her to do wonders," said Mrs. La Velle. "Where did you pick her up, Mrs. Kyber!"

"She is my cousin," said Mrs. Kyber. "And I am as much surprised as any one."

And when a casual caller, the next day, told Lilian that the Sivardi had had a sore throat and sent a "regret" to Mrs. Magnus Martindale, Mrs. Kyber felt herself avenged.

"Now, what do you think about your 'career,' Betsey?" cried triumphant Lilian. "Here you have four engagements ahead, at twenty dollars an evening, and you are rapidly becoming the fashion. And Jack Lowrie says you must certainly cultivate your voice."

"Did Mr. Lowrie say that?"

Betsey Bloom colored and dropped her conscious eyes.

"You're not so afraid of him as you were, Betsey?"

"No!" whispered Betsey.

"That's fortunate," said Lilian. "Because I shrewdly suspect, Betsey, that he's in love with you. You see, Betsey, there are more careers than one."

"Nonsense!" said Betsey.

But her blush was brighter than ever.—[Saturday Night.

Worried Him on His Death-Bed.

"It is curious," said the Doctor, "to see how trivial a thing will occupy a man's mind, and sometimes crowd out or overshadow things much more serious.

"Some years ago a man took a book out of Loring's circulating library. He had often had books from the library before, and had always returned them promptly.

"But this book the man took with him on a little railway journey, and the train on which the man travelled was wrecked just before he got into the city, and he was very badly hurt.

They brought him to the hospital, and he was unconscious for a long time. When he came to, nothing seemed to give him the slightest uneasiness except the book which he had taken from the circulating library.

"He asked where the book was. He insisted on having it.

"Nobody knew where it was. It had not been seen since the wreck.

"The man lay there on his cot and groaned; 'Oh, my God! That book, that book! Lost, and two cents a day all the time!'

"Well, it was plain that the man would die if the book were not found, and so one of his relatives went to the scene of the wreck and hunted for it. He discovered that one of the men in the wrecking gang had found the book in the clearing away of the debris.

"And so the book was returned to the library, but it was too late. The man in the hospital died, and to the last he groaning: 'Two cents a day! Oh, my God!'

"That," said the Doctor, "is a true story, as you will learn if you go to the circulating library and ask."—[Boston Herald.

The baker is busiest when he is loaf-ing.

Raising Rice in Japan.

Before the fields are hoed the surface is covered with vegetables or straw, such as bean, haulm or bamboo grass, which decay in time and make excellent fertilizers. This coating is turned under the mud by means of hoes a little larger than ordinary spades. Sometimes a subsoil plough is used to accomplish the same result. The coating of vegetation keeps the muddy earth open and in a porous condition the first season and furnishes fertillzation for the second. After the surface is carefully smoothed, it is covered for a depth of six inches with water. This process of irrigation is very particular, although simple enough. Water is conducted into the field of the highest elevation in the neighborhood, which it overflows, and then is carried to the next field, a few inches lower, and on through the whole series of fields to the lowest. Water at the uniform depth of six inches is allowed to stand in each. If by chance any of the fields cannot be watered in this way, another method is used. Water is thrown up to the required level by means of tread-wheels, placed in the channels built for the purpose. The weight of the men who tread the wheels is sufficient to throw the water up to a considerable height.

The rice plants are pulled out of their seed beds and several stems are bunched together and pressed into the mud. The plants are irregularly placed to allow as abundant a growth as possible. The men and women who plant this aquatic grain stand in the mud and water half way up to their knees all day long while the blistering rays of the sun pour down upon their bare heads. After a few weeks the plants are ready to be puddled. The mud must be pressed around each bunch of plants, and weeks are spent by the growers in the slushy fields again. The water is gradually stopped, and by the time the rice corn is ready to be cut the fields are fairly dry. Each bunch is cut with a hand sickle after the manner of barley or wheat, and the rice corns are knocked off by hand. The grain is bundled and carried from the fields by men and women, or strapped on the back and sides of a pony.—[New York Tribune.

The Value of Snow.

A good-sized snowstorm in any city means many an additional pair of shoes, a prescription for the sick child or material addition to the frugal meal, even when it does not represent the difference between some sort of a meal and none at all. It follows, therefore, that a failure of snow or a delay in its coming has a direct effect upon the volume of trade, for the poor spend their money as soon as they get it, of sheer necessity, and their small sums, swelled into a large total, help to keep the machinery of business in motion. In warmer climes, where no snow falls, life demands fewer necessities, and neither rich nor poor understand the economic value of the snow shovel, but in the North, where cold bites and hunger pinches, a heavy snowfall brings many blessings with it.—[Manchester (N.H.) Union.

The Chilean Soldier.

The Chilean soldier is a peculiarly organized fighting machine. He is pre-eminently and literally bloodthirsty, and he loves to see blood flow from wounds inflicted by his own hand. He uses the rifle and even the bayonet, as it were, under protest, and can hardly be restrained, when at close quarters, from throwing down his firearms and hurling himself upon the foe knife in hand. An Englishman attached to the ambulance told me that after the battle at Pozo Almonte scores of men lay locked in the death grip, their knives plunged into one another's bodies.—[Dark Days in Chile.

Four Orange Crops Growing on One Tree.

C. Jones, Superintendent of the Sanford Water Works, has a fine orange grove at Longwood, in which he takes great interest. He went down to see it Wednesday and tells us that he found six or seven trees on which there were four crops of oranges—the regular crop, which is ripe; the June crop, which is grown in size, but green in color; another size about an inch in diameter and in addition to this the trees are in full bloom.—[Sanford (Fla.) Journal.

The Wonderful "Lone Star."

Dr. Barrows calls attention to the fact that Texas is five times as large as England, and thirty-four times the size of the state of Massachusetts. The entire living population of the Globe, 1,400,000,000 people, divided into families of five persons each, could be located in Texas, each family with a house on a half acre lot, and there would still remain 70,000 vacant lots!—[St. Louis Republic.

Ethel—I made George promise last night to spend our honeymoon at Newport. Maude—That will do as well as any place; any port in a storm, you know.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

FIVE acres of space in the Midway Plaisance have been reserved for a nursery exhibit.

THE Custer Mining Company, of Ihaho, is making a very extensive collection of ores for exhibition t the Fair.

FOREIGN participation in the Fair so far as ascertained up to the present, embraces seventy-two nations and provinces.

CANADA has been given 68,471 square feet of space in the various buildings, exclusive of space yet to be granted in the agriculture and live stock departments.

THE Suffolk Horse Society, England, has offered two gold medals, of the value $50 each, for the best Suffolk horse and mare or filly exhibited at the World's Fair in Chicago.

THE Women's Christian Temperance Union wants to put up a building, 70x100 feet, in the Exposition grounds, in which to exhibit the entire system of its work and to conduct a cafe for the sale of temperance drinks.

THE city of Cincinnati wants to erect a building at the Exposition, to be used both as a club house and receptacle for a municipal exhibit. It is willing to expend $30,000 in the undertaking.

LIEUTENANT BAKER, of the Marine Section of the Department of Transportation, has secured a promise from the Detroit Dry Dock Company for an exhibit of a perfect model in stucco of the entire ship-building plant of the company, both at its Detroit and Wyandotte yards.

THE Grecian Government has agreed to make and send to the Exposition casts of the principal works of ancient art now in Greece, together with maps, diagrams and photographs. To these will probably be added casts, and perhaps some of the originals of specimens of classic Greek art which are now distributed throughout Europe.

SEVEN of the World's Fair buildings are now so far advanced that they are fast assuming the appearance of finished structures. These buildings are the Woman's, Horticulture, Transportation, Mines, Administration, Forestry and Fisheries. Five more—the Government, Fine Arts, Agriculture, Dairy and Illinois State—are erected to the roof lines. The Electricity, Manufactures and Machinery buildings are being advanced rapidly.

A JOINT bill has been introduced in Congress, carring an appropriation of $18,000, "To procure, prepare, compile for publication and publish statistics of the moral, intellectual and industrial progress of the colored people of the United States from January 1, 1863, the date of emancipation proclamation, to January 1, 1893, as a part of the Government exhibit, the same to illustrate the growth of liberty, morality and humanity of the United States."

ENGLISH women are active in preparation for their participation in the Exposition. At a meeting of the woman's committee in London, on March 3d, it was announced that Queen Victoria had promised specimens of her own work in spinning and knitting, done when she was a girl, also work of her embroidering, fine drawing and water-color painting. Princess Louise will contribute some clay modeling, Princess Beatrice several paintings, and Princess Christian some embroidery.

THE Maryland World's Fair Board is planning to show in the Maryland building a reproduction of the surrender of his commission by George Washington. The report of the Board to the Legislature asking for an appropriation of $100,000 states: "It has been suggested by His Excellency the Governor, and the suggestion has met with much favor, that the old Senate Chamber of the State House be reproduced in our building, and that a group of thirty-two figures be made to represent the surrendering by Washington of his commission, which took place in that historic hall. Such a tableau would attract many visitors and serve as a feature of great interest."

A FIEND STRANGLED.

His Death Hastened by the Hangman Pulling at His Legs.

Frank Schneider, who with his wife, assaulted and murdered many servant girls, has been executed at Vienna, Austria. Schneider was gibbeted after the Austrian manner.

He was entirely broken down as he was led from the cell to the scaffold. As he saw the stake and spike, from which he was to be hanged, rising above it, his sallow face turned a greenish hue, and he had almost to be carried to the spot. The stake had fixed in the top of it a spike about six inches long.

There were three steps to lift the doomed criminal up. He was lifted to the spike, and the back of his neck held cloce to it. Then a cord was passed around his neck, fastening it tightly to the spike, and he was strangled to death.

To hasten his end the executioner pressed his arms around the mouth and nostrils of the dying criminal, while one assistant held and pulled Schneider's arms, and another pulled his legs. The wretch died in four minutes. The body was left suspended to the stake.

KILLED BY ROBBERS.

Mexican Bandits Capture a Safe With 10,000 Silver Dollars.

One of the heaviest and boldest robberies ever committed in Mexico took place a few days ago near Durango. C. W. Brittain, manager of the Vacas mines, left Durango for the mines with 10,000 silver dollars in an iron safe in a wagon. He was accompanied by J. H Herndon, a young American, and three Mexican guards. When within seven miles of Constancia, fifty-five miles from Durango, about twenty-five men rode up from behind and commenced shooting. Juan Castanaeda, one of the guards, was killed, and Herndon was severely wounded. The fire of the bandits was returned by Mr. Brittain and his guard, and one of the robbers was killed.

The lash was put to the horses, but the robbers gained rapidly on the wagon, taking it and the money captive. Mr. Brittain escaped into the chapparal with Mr. Herndon in his arms. They made their way to Constancia, where they notified the military authorities. A detachment of troops went at once to the scene of the robbery, but when they arrived at the spot they found that the safe had been broken open and robbed.

YOUNG GIRL LYNCHED.

She Put Poison in the Coffee and Nearly Killed a Family.

The lifeless form of a colored girl was found dangling from a tree on the road leading to Rayville, La., a few mornings ago. It was identified as that of a fifteen-year-old servant of W R. Helmer, who resides on the Greenville place, twenty miles from there.

The girl became offended at the action of a colored man, also employed in the house, and in seeking some mode of revenge she decided to put poison into his coffee. She put the poison into the coffee intended for the family meal.

About nine persons drank the concoction and eleven had a very narrow escape from death. The girl acknowledged that she intended to kill the man, and she did not care particularly who else suffered.

That night some parties started out to bring the girl to the jail at Rayville, but they had not proceeded far before a masked party overtook them and strung the girl up to a tree at the first crossing.

THE annual prize of 1892 of $100, with a gold medal, offered by the United States Naval Institute for the best essay on any subject pertaining to the naval profession was secured by William Laird Clowes, of Surbiton Hill, Surrey, England, who submitted an essay on "Torpedo Boats—Their Organization and Conduct."

THE past year has been one of the worst business years ever known in Saxony. Over 40,000 distress warrants were issued in Dresden alone—an increase of nearly twenty per cent., and the number of bailiffs has had to be considerably increased.

THE BIG BRITISH STRIKE.

Over 300,000 Stop Work in the English Coal Fields.

Railroads and Factories Crippled by Lack of Fuel.

A dispatch from London, England, says: The majority of the coal fields in Great Britain are idle. The grand total of men at play is about 450,000. In Durham the men to the number of 80,000 are on strike against reduction of wages, but in all the other districts the men have simply decided to take a week, fortnight or even three weeks' holiday in order to restrict the output of coal.

The collieries of Lancashire, Cheshire, Yorkshire, North Wales and other districts are idle. The miners of Scotland, South Wales and Northumberland are working quietly.

The miners of Durham are holding enthusiastic meetings, and have resolved that under no circumstances will they yield to the proposed reduction.

This movement on the part of the miners has caused the greatest disturbance in the British labor world, and in the manufacturing centers, that has been known since the American Civil War when so many hundreds of thousands of the cotton operatives of Lancashire would have starved but for a boundless charity.

The Miners' Federation has led in the strike movement. It claims the exclusive honor of having forced the miners' wages forty per cent. above the rates of 1888. The advance was wrung from the masters in successive driblets of ten per cents. and five per cents. The last installment of the forty per cent.—that is to say, the concession of fifteen per cent.—made little more that a year ago, was given in three sub-installments.

The miners outside of the Durham district say that the present movement is not against the reduction of wages, but to prevent the reduction of wages at any time in the future. They are afraid from the way that the owners of collieries have been outbidding each other for the custom, especially of large corporations, a general reduction cannot be far off, and they have adopted this method of raising prices.

The latest cablegram in regard to the strike, received just before this side of the paper went to press, stated: Flintshire, in Wales, appears to be the only place where the order of the Miners' Federation to leave off work has not been obeyed by the members of the association. The latest estimates of the number of miners who are now idle place the figure at 350,000. Owing to the closing down of other inhustries because of the strike fully 200,000 men in other employments have been thrown out of work.

The full effect of the strike will not be felt immediately. In many cases manufacturers who have large coal stocks will endeavor to tide over a week's stoppage, but if the strike exceeds a week in duration their supply will soon be exhausted, and they will be compelled to shut down. Fifteen thousand coal miners are idle in North Staffordshire. Unless they resume work in a few days the potteries will be compalled to close down, throwing 50,000 men out of work.

The miners who have stopped work are observing the "strike" purely as a holiday. Large numbers of them are taking advantage of their idleness to leave the districts in which they work, and to visit friends elsewhere. There is no excitement whatever.

The Northeastern Railway will withdraw 130 passenger trains from its lines because of lack of fuel, and will reduce work in its workshops to four days a week.

The London gas companies report that they have coal enough to last a month. The Shipping Federation is preparing to meet the London coal porters' refusal to unload foreign coal. Agents of coal firms are negotiating in France for supplies from Pas-de-Calais companies. Cargoes of coal are being shipped from Antwerp. The dock laborers in London and Antwerp are not allowed to know whence the coal came or whither it is going. In the Leeds district the strike is severely felt. Nearly all the large mills and the iron and steel works are reducing the number of their employes, or suspending work altogether.

BLIZZARD IN THE SOUTH.

The Fruit Crop Greatly Damaged by Snow.

A howling norther with a heavy rain swept over all Texas. In an hour the thermometer fell from seventy to thirty-four degrees. The clouds were heavy with an occasional fall of rain. Fruit and early vegetables escaped, but there is no doubt of everything being in imminent danger. Peaches, plums, apricots and pears were in bud or full bloom, while market gardens everywhere were far advanced.

At 10 o'clock in the morning the northern hurricane culminated in a storm of sleet, snow and ice. Fruit trees, covered with full bloom, were coated with ice. There was hardly any hope that anything would be saved.

It began snowing and sleeting and continued all day. The ground was covered by about three inches of snow and sleet and the fruit crop was destroyed around Jefferson, Texas. Untold damage will result.

Six inches of snow fell at Little Rock, Ark., the heaviest known for years. Great damage is reported to the fruit crop everywhere.

The snow reached such a depth at Memphis, Tenn., that the electric cars on all the lines were unable to run. It was the heaviest fall of snow in that part of the country for many years.

PERHAPS JACK THE RIPPER.

A Startling Discovery Made in Liverpool, England.

The police of Liverpool, England, acting on clews brought forth by the news that Arthur Williams had been arrested in Australia for the murder of his wife, formerly a Miss Maher of that city, searched the house occupied by Williams in the Liverpool suburb of Rainhill last July, previous to his marriage to Miss Mather. The bodies of three children were found beneath the fireplace, two having had their throats cut, and the oldest, a girl of twelve years, having apparently been strangled to death.

The body of a dark woman, identified as a visitor to Williams while he was at the Commercial Hotel in Liverpool, was also found beneath the floor, with a dead babe in her arms. The bodies were supposed to be those of a former wife of Williams and her children.

The police of London say that the visits of Williams to England have corresponded to the murders of "Jack the Ripper," and the alleged description of the London bugaboo corresponds with that of Williams, who is said to be one Arthur Curtis, who lived in Sydney, Australia, in 1889, with a woman of a description corresponding to that of the body found in Rainhill.

RECIPROCITY WITH FRANCE

President Carnot Signs the Convention With the United States.

President Carnot, of France, has signed the commercial reciprocity convention with the United States.

In the Chamber of Deputies, M. Roche, Minister of Commerce, introduced the bill confirming the commercial reciprocity convention between France and the United States. The American products admitted by the convention under the French minimum duties are canned meats, fresh and dried table fruits, except raisins; rough hewn, or sawn timber; wood paving blocks, stave wood for casks, hops, pears and compressed apples.

In return the United States places hides, sugar and raclasses imported from France and her colonies on the free list.

In regard to pork imports, France maintains the right to seize meat proved to be infected with trichinæ—a regulation to which the American Government assents.

FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

51ST DAY.—The Senate took up Mr Stanford's Sub-Treasury bill, and Mr. Dolph made it the subject of a tariff speech——The Urgent Deficiency bill was passed——Mr. Cullom reported the Military Academy Appropriation bill. The amount of the bill as it passed the House was $398,665, and the increase recommended is $38,162, making the total amount $436,827——The Postoffice Building bill was further discussed.

52D DAY.—Mr. Vest's Postoffice Buildings bill was passed——House bill to amend the act to provide for the performance of the duties of the President in the case of the removal, death, resignation or inability both of President and Vice-President, was reported and placed on the calendar. It provides for the succession of the Secretary of Agriculture after the Secretary of the Interior——Senate joint resolution authorizing the Librarian of Congress to exhibit at the World's Fair such books, papers, documents and other articles from the library of Congress as may relate to Christopher Columbus and the early history of America was passed.

53D DAY.—The Urgent Deficiency and Military Academy appropriation bills were passed——Mr. Berry introduced a bill for the adjustment of the rights of the Indians in the Indian Territory, with a view of having that Territory admitted as a State. Referred——Mr. Morgan introduced a bill to increase the facilities of the Postoffice Department for obtaining the use of buildings for postoffice purposes.

54TH DAY.—The House bill ratifying the act of the Arizona Legislature, appropriating $30,000 in aid of Arizona's exhibition at the World's Fair, was passed——Mr. Hale, reported a bill for the construction (by contract) of three battle-ships, two armored coast defence vessels, five gun boats and eight first-class torpedo boats——Mr. Peffer introduced a bill to create a pension fund by an income tax on millionaires to give idle laborers work on public improvements.

55TH DAY.—In the temporary absence of Vice-President Morton, Mr. Manderson, President pro tem. of the Senate, occupied the chair——Mr. Frye reported the Senate bill exempting American coastwise sailing vessels, piloted by their licensed masters or by United States pilots, from the obligation to pay State pilots for services not rendered. Calendar——Mr. Peffer introduced a bill to establish an electrical experimental station to determine whether electricity can be used in the propulsion of farm machinery. Referred to Committee on Agriculture.

In the House.

56TH DAY.—On motion of Mr. Curtis, a bill was passed increasing to $25 a month the pension of George R. Allen, of New York. Allen is ninety-nine years old and served in the War of 1812——The debate on the Free Wool bill was continued by Messrs. Stevens, Montgomery, Ray and Coombs——An evening session for pension bills lacked a quorum.

57TH DAY.—Senate concurrent resolution was agreed to authorizing the joint committees on printing to ascertain the most suitable site for a new Government Printing Office in Washington——The floor was then accorded to the Committee on the District of Columbia, and a number of local bills were passed——The House then went into Committee of the Whole (Mr. Wilson, of West Virginia, in the chair) on the Army Appropriation bill

58TH DAY.—The debate on the Free Wool bill was continued, speeches being made by Messrs. Coombs, Walker, Scott, Clupan and Dockery.

59TH DAY.—After the transaction of some routine business, the House went into Committee of the Whole and the discussion of the Free Wool bill was resumed by Messrs. Sayres and Bryan.

60TH DAY.—Half an hour was consumed in determining who should be the author of the digest of the rules for the present Congress. The struggle was between Mr. Smith, the former journal clerk, and Mr. Crutchfield, the incumbent. Mr. Crutchfield was victorious——The debate on the Free Wool bill was then continued, speeches being made by Messrs. Payne and Ellis.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

OHIO natural gas is petering out.

MAINE'S ice crop has been a failure.

BRAZIL has 2,000,000 acres of coffee.

NEW YORK CITY'S population is 1,800,891.

CHICAGO was fifty-five years old the other day.

GREECE is in a state of great political disquiet.

THE Philadelphia Mint coined 94,000,000 pennies last year.

THE Italian Treasury has a deficit of nearly $4,000,000.

FORTY-SEVEN Mexican Generals have died since February 7.

THERE will be a rate of one fare to the National political conventions.

NEBRASKA'S contribution to the needy of Russia is 2,000,000 bushels of corn.

THE weekly flour output of the country shows an increase of 1000 barrels a day.

MORMON colonists have bought two million acres of land in Chihuahua, Mexico.

THE British Parliament has voted $100,000 for the survey of a railroad in Africa.

PROSPECTS for unprecedented crops of fruit and grain on the Pacific Coast are good.

DURING a rabbit drive recently near Carruthers, Cal., 10,000 of the animals were killed.

RUSSIA has empowered Poland's Governor to declare a state of siege in that country if he sees fit.

DURING the past three months 620,000 poor persons in Vienna, Austria, have received relief.

DURING the past four months more than $7,000,000 in gold has been brought to this country from Australia.

EXPRESS MESSENGER MCINERNY, who was shot by Train Robber Perry, near Rochester, N. Y., has become insane.

IN some Austrian villages the misery has been so extreme that the parents have been impelled to kill children they could not feed.

THE Massachusetts Legislature has passed a bill making it a criminal offense to manufacture, sell or expose for sale cigarettes in that State.

THE new Woodbridge gun, under construction at Watertown (Mass.) Arsenal, is expected to throw a 500-pound projectile twelve miles.

MORE than a million Englishmen have petitioned the House of Commons in favor of arbitration in settling all disputes with the United States.

WARSAW (Poland) dispatches state that soldiers have been billeted in private residences to prevent the further propagation of Free Foland ideas.

THE population of New South Wales is 1,132,234, including 14,156 Chinese and 8280 aborigines. The population of the city of Sydney is 383,386.

THE United States Navy Department has selected the following Indian names for the three new steel tugs just built: Wahneta, Iwana and Narketa.

A CRY FOR FOOD.

Twenty Million People Dying of Starvation in Russia.

The following piteous appeal has been cabled from St. Petersburg to this country by the committee of American citizens sent to Russia: If the American people knew the extent of the suffering in the famine districts of Russia they would everywhere come to the rescue. Twenty millions of people are affected and in danger of death from starvation. Typhus fever is raging in many provinces, and horses and cattle are perishing of hunger.

Does this not appeal to the h

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

WILL BE RENOMINATED,

Before the last National Republican Convention the CAROLINIAN was the only paper in the South, and especially in North Carolina, that suggested Gen. Benjamin Harrison as the right man to nominate, It was done, and he was elected. In reply to a number of inquiries the CAROLINIAN will say that, in its judgment, not only is he the man the party should again make its standard bearer, but it believes that he will be nominated on the first ballot.

The reasons are cogent and conclusive. He has been guilty of no blameworthy acts. He has committed no serious mistakes. His course has been marked by every element of administrative statesmanship. It is strong, safe, judicious, faithful to the principles of the party, and in line with the best interests of the country. In every emergency he has shown himself equal to the demand. His nomination will be followed by a triumphant election.

THE OLD STORY.

Michigan is the native home of the organization known as the "Patrons of Industry." The order grew rapidly and spread over that and adjoining States. A year ago, when the Grand Lodge met, there were 150 delegates in attendance, and the membership in the State was 50,000. President Partridge, who wanted office from the Republicans but could not get it, manipulated the order, last year, in the interest of the Democratic party.

The result has been disastrous to its prosperity in Michigan. The Grand Lodge, at its recent session, was attended by but 40 representatives, while the membership in the State has decreased to less than 12,000.

Its downfall is the old story of an organization, intended for social and educational advancement only, allowing itself to be led into the whirlpool of party politics by men who care nothing for the principles upon which it was founded.

The Democrats can no longer misrepresent with success the character of the McKinley law. Their prophesies of disaster that was to follow its enactment have proven false. The law has already triumphantly vindicated itself and its friends by its beneficial efforts. So pronounced is this vindication that the Democratic majority in Congress are divided, demoralized, and apparently at a loss to know how to organize their attack upon it.

The recent Hill-Tammany gerrymander of Rochester, New York, increased the number of wards by four. The Rochester Republicans gracefully responded by gaining exactly four wards in addition to those they held already, The instigators of the gerrymander now know just how it feels to be hit by a boomerang.

The action of the Democrats in taking up and enforcing some of Speaker Reed's most famous rulings in the House is simply history repeating itself. All the credit the Democracy has enjoyed with the country for the last thirty years has been gained by following and endorsing Republican reforms.

The Tennessee Democracy is making an open fight against the Farmers' Alliance. which is in control in that State. In Kansas the Democracy is fusing with the Alliance Spoils, not principles, control the Democracy.

Republican Presidents who are nominated for re-election have a uniform habit of being elected. If the Democrats can get this fact firmly fixed in their minds it may save them something in the way of campaign funds and election bets.

Ex-Secretary Bayard has written an open letter to the Democracy of the country, earnestly pleading in favor of honest money and against free silver coinage. It reads almost like an extract from the last message of President Harrison.

The knowing ones who said that Benjamin Harrison couldn't control the delegation from his own State are among the most discredited of extant political prophets,

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The wail of the Democracy over "Czar" Reed's tyranny has died away upon the untrouled air since the Supreme Court decision, and the Maine man is on top with all that his weight implies.

David B. Hill didn't take an encyclopædia with him on his trip South, but he brought a satchel along stuffed with pretty tough type-written speeches,

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Reciprocity with Nicarauga is another step in the Republican policy.

Patriotism knows neither latitude nor longitude. It is not climatic.

FIGURES THAT DON'T LIE.

While democratic free traders are howling for free wool and free woolen goods in Congress against the protests of wool growers, wool manufacturers and their employes, we turn to the Census bulletin just issued, and find what protection has done for the woolen industry of the United States.

Look at these facts. The capital invested in our woolen manufacturing establishments in 1889 was $159,000,000. In 1890 it had grown to $314,000,000, *almost double*. The number of hands employed rose from 161,000 in 1880 to 221,000 in 1890, and the wages paid to the workingmen in the woolen factories increased from $47,000,000 in 1880 to nearly $77,000,000 in 1890.

Let the workingmen and business men study these figures and see whether or not protection has been helpful to our people.

Col, Harry Skinner left Monday to speak at several towns throughout the State. He is looming up considerably as a candidate for Governor. —*Greenville Reflector.*

It is said that the eloquent Colonel has the Gubernatorial bee buzzing in his bonnet. This "swinging around the circle" is significant.

McMillin, of Tennessee, is taking the lead on the Democratic side in the tariff debate. He certainly has the courage of his ignorance. It would probably be unjust to attribute to unveracity the astonishing divergence between his assertions and the facts that are accessible to everybody.

It is stated that Col. L. L. Polk, president of the National Alliance, has had notice served on him that if his newspaper, the *Progressive Farmer*, is to be the organ of the Third Party it can no longer be considered the organ of the Farmers' Alliance.

Senator Hill's speeches in "swinging around the circle" contain no reference to the Spring elections showing a Republican majority of 50,000 votes in New York.

The Behring Sea complications indicate that the Tories of Canada and England have joined hands in a conspiracy against American rights.

David B. Hill has achieved a distinction, probably unparal'ed in so short a service in the United States Senate, as The Member Who is Never in His Seat.

One thing is certain—there must be no poaching on Behring Sea the coming Summer.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, March 19, 1892.

The President having become satisfied that Lord Salisbury was purposely delaying his answer to the dispatch sent him on the 7th inst. for the purpose of allowing the fleet of Canadian seal poachers to get to sea before this government had any opportunity to serve notice upon the owners of the vessels to keep out of Behring Sea, this week directed acting Secretary of State Wharton to inform Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Minister, that he desired an answer to that dispatch at the earliest possible moment. The President's reason for desiring an early answer is, that upon the nature of that answer will depend the wording of the orders issued to the revenue cutters and naval vessels which will shortly be sent to Behring Sea, The request will also have the effect of convincing Lord Salisbury that the President means business aand does not propose to put up with any nonsense, even from the alleged "mistress of the seas." Lord Salisbury has promised an early answer.

The dangerous illness of Senator Morrill has cast a gloom over the Senate wing of the Capitol, where everyone is the friend of the senior Vermont Senator. His age gives him but a slim chance in fighting pneumonia, which is the dreaded foe of the strongest men. Mr. Morrill has been in Congress, first in the House and then in the Senate, since 1855.

Secretary Blaine continues to improve, although he has not ventured out of the House. He has not decided upon taking a trip to the South, but he may do so.

Secretary Foster has returned much improved in health by his flying trip to Europe, and he also picked up while in England, in an unofficial way, some financial information that will be found useful to him in his official capacity.

Commissioner Raum took the wind out of Representative Cooper's sails by telling the House investigating committee that while ready and willing to answer any question or to give any desired information about the Pension Office or anything relating thereto he would not answer questions about matters pertaining exclusively to his private business affairs. The Commissioner is generally commended for having taken that stand. His official acts are properly under the control of Congress, but with his private acts and business Congress has nothing to do.

Colombia, Hayti and Venezuela are the only countries that will feel the heavy retaliatory hand of Uncle Sam, all the rest of the countries concerned having either completed reciprocity agreements with us or got them so near completion as to let them out. The President's proclamation issued this week restores the duty upon sugar, hides. coffee and tea from the above named countries until such time as they shall give public notice of their having removed the duties they now impose upon the agricultural and other products of this country. It speaks volumes for the success of reciprocity that only three countries have to be retaliated upon.

The Democratic Press on the Outlook.

We make quotations from a few of the Democratic papers of the country on the party's outlook:

Indianapolis News: It is a blue outlook for Democratic victory.

Pittsburg Post: The Democrats in the House have committed a political blunder

Baltimore Sun: The passage of the Bland bill means political suicide for the Democracy.

Chicago Herald: No party committed to free silver can elect a President of the United States.

Boston Herald: Seventy cents on a dollar for soldiers' pensions would make free coinage particularly odious.

Springfield Republican: A veto of a free coinage bill by President Harrison means his triumphant re-election with a hurrah.

Philadelphia Times: The passage of the bill will lose the party every Eastern State without any corresponding gain in the West.

Detroit Free Press: Any infusion of the silver question into national politics will result in the loss of the pivotal States to the Democrats.

Philadelphia Record: Should the Democrats pass the Bland bill in March there will be no help for the party in November unless Grover Cleveland is nominated.

Buffalo Courier: A free silver coinage policy would not only be equivalent to an abandonment of the Eastern States but would also destroy Democratic chances in the West.

If you are troubled with dyspepsia, stomach disorder or liver and kidney complaint try P P P and you will rejoice at its magical workings. Females are peculiarly benefited by P P P. It expels disease, and gives healthy action to every organ.

Lost manhood; lost energy, weakness, general debility are all cured by P P P. New life, new energy are infused in the system by the blood purifying and cleansing properties of P P P, the greatest blood purifier of the age

How's Your Wife.

Does she feel poorly all the time, suffer from lack of energy, and a general "no-account" listless enervation? She needs a tonic. Something is wrong with her blood. Run for a doctor? Not at all, my dear sir. Get her a bottle of P P P, (Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium), the very best Woman's Regulator and Tonic extant. It reaches the source of trouble quiedly and quickly, and before you know it your wife will be another woman, and will bless the kind fate that brought P P P to her notice and relief. Our best physicians indorse and recommend it, and no well conducted household where pure blood and its concomitant happiness is appreciated, should be without it. For sale by reputable medicine dealers everywhere.

Don't sicken people with that bad breath of yours. Take Simmons Liver Regulator.

Still Fooling the People.

Mail & Express,

The people find out too late—generally after elections have been held—how they are swindled by democratic leaders. False appeals to the public constitute the democratic platform. It stoops to anything to win votes.

Because the ignorant masses in the West, and to a small extent in the East, believe that a cry of "free silver" means the free distribution of wealth, free silver is demanded, though by it is meant "fraudulent silver' and a depreciated dollar.

Tammany shouts before election for "home rule." After election the people discover that home rule means Tammany tyranny, the suppression of free speech, the overturning of the ballot box, the unseating of men honestly elected.

It is too bad that the people have not learned by experience that the democratic leaders are not to be trusted. It is the party of spoils and not of principles.

Good Looks,

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver be inactive you have a bilious look, if your stomach be disordered you have a dyspeptic look and if your kidneys be affected you have a pinched look, Secure good health and you will have good looks, Electric Bitters is the great alterative and tonic, acts directly on these vital organs. Cures pimples, blotches, boils and gives a good complexion. Sold at Alex Wadsworth's drug store, 50c per bottle.

Give your pet dogs or cats Simmons Liver Regulator when sick—it will cure them

---

Senator Hill seems to be determined to forge the issue between the Democratic machine of New York and the Democracy of the United States.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Take Simmons Liver Regulator in youth and you will enjoy a green old age.

Weakness, Malaria, Indigestion and Biliousness, take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It cures quickly. For sale by all dealers in medicine. Get the genuine.

CONSUMPTION CURED

AN old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English with full directions for preparing and using. Send by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 820 Powers Block, Rochester, N. Y.

THE BOSTON TEA PARTY.

PUBLISHED BY REQUEST.

Go take your taxers home, King George,
Your iron rule is o'er;
We love our cup of tea full well,
But we love our freedom more.

CHORUS:

Then overboard it goes, my boys,
Where darkling waters roar;
We love our cup of tea full well,
But we love our freedom more.

Rouse every generous, thoughtful mind,
The rising danger flee;
If you would lasting freedom find,
Now then, abandon tea.

CHORUS:—Then overboard it goes, etc,

Scorn to be bound with golden chain,
Though they allure the sight;
Bid them defiance if they claim
Our freedom and birthright.

CHORUS:—Then overboard it goes, etc.

What's better for a wound than Salvation Oil? Echo answers: "What" We answer: "Nothing." "So say we all of us, so say we all!" Only 25c,

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A poor unfortunate in Milwaukee is said to have sneezed himself to death, Alas! poor creature, living in the light of the nineteenth century and never heard of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Well, this is more than Egyptian darkness

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A VERY MARKED IMPROVEMENT *Frank Leslie's Illustrated Weekly* is improved in every respect. The character of the illustrations and the tone of the letter-press are such as to make this paper a household necessity. It speaks what is best for the country and will be undoubtedly recognized as the great Republican illustrated weekly. The plan of giving illustrated stories and presenting the prominent news features of each week is most admirable. This number contains striking character sketches of the great speakers in the silver debate in Washington. a page of pictures showing the craze in mining stocks at Duluth and pictures on the leading foreign events. Cut this paragraph out and send to the Arkell Weekly Co, 110 Fifth Ave, New York City for a sample copy, which will be sent free.

LIPPMAN'S PYRAFUGE. A SURE CURE FOR CHILLS & FEVER, DUMB AGUE AND MALARIA

LIPPMAN BROS., Proprietors, Druggists, Lippman's Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

P.P.P. CURES SCROFULA
P.P.P. CURES BLOOD POISON.
P.P.P. CURES RHEUMATISM.
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LIPPMAN BROS. PROPRIETORS DRUGGISTS SAVANNAH GA.

KAYTON'S OIL OF LIFE
The BEST LINIMENT in the WORLD.
CURES PAINS IN THE BACK, JOINTS SIDE, & ALSO RHEUMATISM NEURALGIA, HEADACHE, &c
KAYTON'S OIL OF LIFE IS AN OLD GERMAN LINIMENT, & Expels pain quickly.
LIPPMAN BROS. SAVANNAH, GA. SOLE AGENTS IN THE U. S.

ABBOTT'S EAST INDIAN CORN PAINT
REMOVES CORNS, BUNIONS AND WARTS
SPEEDILY AND WITHOUT PAIN.
LIPPMAN BROS. PROPRIETORS DRUGGISTS SAVANNAH, GA.

—FOR SALE BY—
GRIGGS & CARTWRIGHT
AND
ALEX. WADSWORTH.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned have entered into partnership to carry on the UNDERTAKER'S Business at this place as the successors of the late John H. Ziegler, and at the old stand. In accordance with the wish of the said deceased, expressed in his last will and testament, the business will be conducted in the name of "JOHN H. ZIEGLER" as heretofore.

We will endeavor to serve the public in our line of business upon the same principles of fairness and honesty as were always observed and acted upon by our honored predecessor

☞A full supply of Metalic Coses, Cloth Covered and Wooden Caskets kept on hand

March 6, 1889.

CHRISTINA ZIEGLER,
FRED H. ZIEGLER.

POLITICAL.

PASQUOTANK REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

There will be a Convention of the Republicans of Pasquotank County held at the Court House in Elizabeth, N. C., on Monday, April 11th, 1892, for the purpose of electing delegates to the State and District Conventions,

J. S. WILCOX,
March 23, 1892. Chairman.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

A Convention of the Republicans of the First Congressional District of North Carolina is hereby called to convene at Elizabeth City, N. C,. on Thursday, the 5th of May, 1892, at 3 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of electing two delegates and alternates to the National Republican Convention at Minneapolis on the 7th of June 1892, and transacting such other business as may be deemed expedient.

GEO, W, COBB,
GEO. E. BUCKMAN, Chairman.
Sec'y.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A Convention of the Republicans of North Carolina is hereby called to meet in the city of Raleigh on the 14th day of April, 1892, at 12 M, for the purpose of electing four delegates and four alternates from the State at large to the National Republican Convention to be held at Minneapolis on June 7th, 1892.

Each county will be entitled to two delegates for each member of the lower House of the General Assembly.

F. T, WALSER, J. B. EAVES,
Sec'y Ch'mn

How's Your Liver?

Is the Oriental salutation, knowing that good health cannot exist without a healthy Liver. When the Liver is torpid the Bowels are sluggish and constipated, the food lies in the stomach undigested, poisoning the blood; frequent headache ensues; a feeling of lassitude, despondency and nervousness indicate how the whole system is deranged. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring more people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy Liver than any agency known on earth. It acts with extraordinary power and efficacy.

NEVER BEEN DISAPPOINTED,

As a general family remedy for dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Constipation, etc., I hardly can use anything else, and have never been disappointed in the effect produced; it seems to be almost a perfect cure for all diseases of the Stomach and Bowels.

W. J. MCELROY, Macon, Ga.

GRAND SALE
—OF—
TOWN LOTS
—IN—
Elizabeth City, N.C.

THE IMPROVEMENT COMPANY OF ELIZABETH CITY, OFFER **EIGHTY-FIVE LOTS**, ALL LOCATED in the corporate limits, at the uniform price of $140 each, $10 CASH and $10 each month until paid, WITHOUT INTEREST. These Lots are the most desirable and best located of any offered for sale in the City, beginning on Main St., only four squares from the Court House, Each Lot is now worth more than the price, and many of them two, three and four times the price.

In this sale the Company reserve every alternate lot for sale privately.

The entire net proceeds of this sale is to be expended in improvements on the property.

SITES FOR FACTORIES

located on the Norfolk & Southern R. R which passes through the Company's property, will be GIVEN AWAY.

Plans and full particulars of distribution of Lots furnished on application.

Buy a Lot! Don't Get Left!

E. F. AYDLETT, President; T. G. SKINNER, Vice President; G. M, SCOTT, Sec. & Treasurer.

DIRECTORS:—E. F. AYDLETT, C. H. ROBINSON, T. G. SKINNER, D. S. KRAMER, J. B. PINNER, G. M. SCOTT, T. S. WHITE.

☞For further information apply to the Company or to N. E. Vowles & Co., Real Estate Agents, Elizabeth City, N. C.

A GREAT SAVING FOR
FARMERS!

We are now manufacturing STEAM GROUND OYSTER SHELL MEAL, which is the cheapest and best article for corn, potatoes. peanuts, cabbage, tobacco, etc. as the following testimonials will show;

Mr, Enoch Spates, of this county, says; "I got some of your steam gound shell meal for my cotton I put it at the rate of four hundred pounds to the acre for a test. I planted a few rows and put my best horse stable manure and muck, and a few rows with your steamed oyster shell meal, and a few rows with $28 guano. The difference was but little, I could not tell unless I knew, but the oyster shell meal opened sooner and nicer. "I shall use your steamed oyster shell meal hereafter; it is as good and will last longer, and I can get nearly 3 tons for one of the Phosphate or Guano."

Mr. J. F. Whitehead, also of this county, says; "I got some of your steam ground oyster shell meal to try on my land. I planted one barrel of Irish potatoes and my neighbor, Jesse Simpson, planted one side by side, on the same kind of soil. Mr. Simpson used horse stable manure and muck, and I used steam shell meal and to my surprise I got eleven barrels more from my barrel than Mr. Simpson did. So I will give you an order for a ton of your steamed ground shell meal."

Mr. J. N. Winslow. of Woodville, Perquimans county, says: "I tried some of your steam ground oyster shell meal on my crops this year and I found it the best thing I used yet. You will have my order before long for next crop."

Mr. J. J Cahoon, of Tyrrell county, says; "I have tried your steam ground oyster shell meal for my cotton this year I left a space through the field where I used other fertilizers on each side I used the shell meal; where the shell was put is so much better that I will give ten dollars to any man that can't see the difference a mile off and it is cheaper and will last longer and open early."

Mr. F, N. Hussey, of Gum Neck, says "I have tried some of ground shell meal or lime on my corn and cotton and it proved far beyond my expectation."

PRICE ONLY $10 PER TON

We are also prepared to grind corn with the cob. Write or call on the undersigned at Elizabeth City, N. C.

N. B. ZIMMERMAN & CO.

FISH ADVERTISEMENTS.

HENRY C. ROGERS
—WITH—
Willis H. Rogers,
Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER,
106 FULTON MARKET,
—NEW YORK.—
North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
Stencils ready at a moment's notice

SHIP YOUR SHAD AND OTHER CHOICE FISH TO
CALEB HALEY & CO
Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
FRESH FISH.

14 Fulton Fish Market,
NEW YORK.
WRITE FOR STENCILS AND STATIONERY
J. H HARRIS Traveling Agent

H. M. ROGERS. A. M. ROGERS

H. M. ROGERS & CO,

No. 11 Fulton Wholesale Fish Market
New York.
SPECIALTY IN BLUE-FISH & SHAD
N B. WE PAY NO COMMISSION ON CONSIGNMENTS.
Reference: Gurkin & Co

ESTABLISHED 1860.
SAM'L M. LAWDER & SON,
Wholesale Commission Dealers in
FRESH FISH,

Soft Crabs, Tarrapin, &c.
S. E. Cor. Pratt & Charles Streets,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Promptness our motto.

S. L. STORER & CO.
Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
Fresh Fish,

Lobsters, Turtle, &c.
No. 19, Fulton Fish Market,
NEW YORK.
Stencils and Stationary furnished on application.

FULTON FISH CO.
Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
FRESH FISH,

TERRAPIN, &C., &C.
15 Fulton Fish Market, New York.
A. J. G. WARNER,
N. H. GESNER. } MANAGERS.
Shad a specialty, No Agents.

DAVENPORT & MORRIS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS

And Dealers in Fish,
RICHMOND, VA

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited, and proceeds remitted in cash
On account of our intimate acquaintance and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Caroina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market

A. W. HAFF,
Successor to
Lanphear & Haff,
Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish, Lobsters
Etc., Etc:
NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET
NEW YORK.
North Carolina Shad a Specialty
No Agents.

ARIEL CYCLE FOR MEN AND THE TITANIA (The Queen of Fairies) FOR LADIES.
STRICTLY HIGHEST GRADE

DIAMOND FRAME
CUSHION AND PNEUMATIC TIRES
WARRANTY WITH EVERY WHEEL
SEND YOUR ADDRESS FOR CATALOGUE
ARIEL CYCLE MFG. CO., GOSHEN, IND.

Wash your face,
Wash your hands,
Wash your head,
Wash your beard,
Wash babies heads,
Wash out stains,
Wash away dandruff,
Wash away pimples,
Wash away freckles,
Wash yourself with
KO-KO JELLY Toilet Soap
For Pure White Skin.
PREPARED ONLY BY
E. L. BALDWIN & CO.,
14 PARK PLACE,
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SAMPLES MAILED FREE.

EXCELLENT COFFEE
THE exquisite taste and flavor of Vienna Coffee can only be obtained by using two parts of Coffee to one part of
EMIL SEELIG'S KAFFEE
This is the best, cheapest and most healthful coffee mixture.
A DELICIOUS
BEVERAGE
TRY IT!
Ask Your Grocer for It.
SAMPLE BY MAIL FREE.
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ROSENSTEIN BROS.
317 and 319 Greenwich Street,
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FAVORITE SINGER!
Warranted for Five Years.
LOW ARM ONLY $20

HIGH ARM $25.00.
OUR FAVORITE SINGER
Drop Leaf, Fancy Cover, Large Drawers, Nickel Rings, Tucker, Ruffler, Binder, Four Widths of Hemmers
Sent on trial. Delivered in your home free of freight charges. Buy only of Manufacturers. Save Canvassers' Commissions. Get New Machines. Address for Circulars and Testimonials.
Co-Operative Sewing Machine Company,
269 S. 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

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WE SELL DIRECT TO CONSUMERS.
It will pay you to get our prices and investigate this machine which is the latest embodiment of every desirable improvement. Simplest, most efficient and perfect attachments ever made. Correspondence Invited. Write at once to
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68 & 70 S. CANAL ST., CHICAGO, ILL.

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Horse Tail Tie

BEATS
Cleaning a Muddy Tail.
ALL POLISHED METAL
EASILY ADJUSTED,
DOES NOT SCRATCH OR SLIP,
DOES NOT STOP CIRCULATION.
Every Horse Owner Wants One
AT SIGHT.
Sample by mail for 25c.
DES MOINES NOVELTY CO.
130 W. 4th St., DES MOINES, IA.

CREOLE CORN CURE.
Gen. Beauregard says:
New Orleans, Nov. 5, 1890.
"Applications of Dr. Jno. F. Murphy's CREOLE CORN CURE to my corns last March cured all but one corn; after my return lately from the North, applications to this one have eradicated it."
Signed, G. T. BEAUREGARD
A Guaranteed Cure for Hard and Soft Corns, Bunions and Callosities. Price 15c.
Cures Ingrowing Nails in their most aggravated form. PRICE 50c.
CREOLE INGROWING NAIL CURE.
The directions for the treatment and care of the nails are alone worth the money.
SWEATY FEET. For offensive perspiration of the feet and arm-pits, and itching eruptions of the feet and body, and soft corns, CREOLE PERSPIRATION POWDER is a guaranteed and harmless cure. PRICE 50c.
For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.
MANUFACTURED BY
Dr. JNO. F. MURPHY,
CHIROPODIST AND MANICURE,
16 BARONNE STREET,
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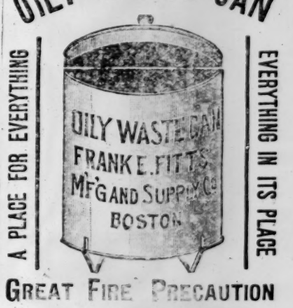

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EVERYTHING IN ITS PLACE
GREAT FIRE PRECAUTION
A NECESSITY
In the Factory, Engine Room, Machine Shop, Plumbers' and Painters' Shops, and any place where oily waste or rags are used. They are acknowledged by all to be the best thing for the purpose ever invented.
SEND FOR PRICES AT ONCE.
Frank E. Fitts M'f'g & Supply Co.,
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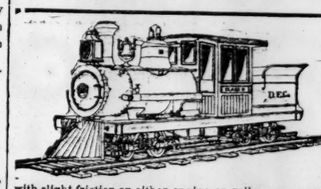
LOGGING ENGINE
FOR ALL DUTIES.
On Logging and Mining Tramways
UNEQUALED



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Send for Illustrated Catalogue of Tramway Locomotives, Cars, etc.
DUNKIRK ENGINEERING CO., - Dunkirk, N. Y.

ALL IN ONE INVALID CHAIR, COT AND HAMMOCK.
For the Camp, Lawn, Veranda, Parlor, Office and Library. ALWAYS IN PLACE.
It adjusts automatically at will of occupant to any position; a slight effort of the hand will keep it swinging.
The head, back, limbs and feet are all supported, giving perfect comfort and rest. Ask your furniture dealer to show you a sample.
It is easily folded and occupies very small space.
TO INTRODUCE THIS CHAIR, we will sell one direct to you for $8.00.
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THREE POINTS
Pozzoni's COMPLEXION
POWDER: SAFE; CURATIVE; BEAUTIFYING. 1.2.3.
THREE White, Flesh, Brunette. POZZONI'S All Druggists Fancy Stores. TINTS

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THE PEOPLE'S REMEDY. PRICE 25C

SALVATION OIL

Price only 25 Cts. Sold by all dealers.

Will relieve Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Lumbago, Sprains, Headache, Toothache, Sores, Burns, Cuts, Scalds, Backache, Wounds, &c.

25¢ A BOTTLE SALVATION OIL KILLS PAIN

BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

Asthma, Whooping-Cough, and for the relief of Consumptive persons. PRICE 25 CTS. For Sale by all dealers.

For the cure of *Coughs, Colds, Croup, Incipient Consumption*

SMOKE LANGE'S CUBEB CIGARETTES for Catarrh!—Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.

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THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Glover. Commissioners C. W. Overman, E. F. Aydlett, L. P. Etheridge, J. F. Snell and Elisha Overton. Clerk—J. W. Albertson jr. Treasurer—Geo. M. Scott. Constable and Collector—Thomas Spires. Attorney—W. J. Griffin, Collector of Customs—Palemon John. Postmaster—C. Gurkin.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays of each month at corner of Road and Church streets

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. E. M Jordan, Pastor. Baptist—Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, Pastor. Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector. Presbyterian—Rev. F. H. Johnston, Pastor.

Colored. Methodist—Rev. M. P. Hawkins, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z. H. Berry, Pastor. Olive Branch—Elder J. A. Faulk, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge, No. 317—Dr. W. W. Griggs W. M., D. B. Bradford Sec'y, and D. S. Kramer Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14—W. S. Whitson, N. G., H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer,

Royal Arcanum: Tuber Creek Council, No. 1209—Fred. Davis, Regent; M. B. Culpepper Secretary, C. E. Kramer, Treas.

American Legion of Honor J. D. Fulmer, Commander; Zenas Pearing, Secretary, G. W. Bell, Treasurer,

Knights of Honor—John H. Burgess, Dictator; Wm. Towe, Reporter; Ed. Davis, Treasurer.

U. N. Benevolent Fraternity—J. F. Sanders, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary, L. B. Wilson, Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

Commissioners: G. M. Scott, Chairman; Elisha Lister, Elliott Whitehurst, Rufus Scott, M. W. Butkins. Sheriff, Thos P. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper. Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb. Board of Education. W. J. Griffin, B. B. Creecy jr., and N. E. Jones. Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep

—MISCELLANEOUS.—

G. W. Ward.

Attorney-at-Law.

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Practice in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle District, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State.

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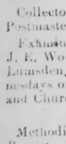

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2d door North of Poindexter Street Bridge, near the Depot

Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

GEO. W. BELL.

Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street

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F. M. COOK,

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East Main Street,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Fred Davis,

DEALER IN COAL

COAL OF ALL SIZES AND OF BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

All Orders filled Promptly.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard, Lowest prices guaranteed.

Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C

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Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not Free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.

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C. A. Snow & Co.

OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE,

Washington, D. C

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, March 23, 1892.

☞ Farm work delayed.

☞ Fishermen getting discouraged.

☞ We acknowledge papers and documents from Mr Geo. H. Murphy, U. S. Consular Agent at Hanover, Germany.

☞ C. A Snow & Co's pamphlet 'Information and Advice about Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights, etc," may be obtained free at this office.

☞ We can furnish a scholarship on specially favorable terms to any young man wishing to attend a course at a first-class Business and Commercial College

☞ A number of the citizens of Newland have filed a petition with the Board of county Commissioners asking that the voting place of that precinct be changed to B. F. Jackson's store.

☞ The editor of the CAROLINIAN expects to pay his regular semi-annual visit to Hertford next Monday, it being the first day of Court. He will be glad to see his Perquimans patrons and friends.

☞ Judge Shuford was taken quite sick at Camden and was obliged to adjourn Court before finishing the civil docket Dr. J. E. Wood, of this place, was called, under whose treatment he was soon relieved,

☞ We acknowledge the receipt of samples of Root Beer, Sarsaparilla and Cream Beer from the new Bottling works of Samuel Waters & Sons. As refreshing and healthful beverages they are superior to anything of the kind in the market.

☞ There is no indication of any advance in the price of cotton. The stock at the United States ports is reported at 1,155,369 bales, being an increase of 485,406 bales over 1891. The Department of Agriculture shows that in two years this country has produced an excess above the normal requirements of mere than 2,000,000 bales.

☞ As the political campaign this year promises to be a vitally important one, in order to awaken a deeper interest among lukewarm Republicans and to disseminate sound principles and preach the gospel of political truth to unconverted Democrats, the CAROLINIAN will be sent to new subscribers up to the election for 75 cents, cash in advance.

☞ Both Elizabeth City and South Mills are interested in a daily mail between the two points. The former is the natural business center of the latter, and yet all mail matter to and from there has to go by way of Norfolk ; By the extension of the route to Rosedale, only a few miles, it could go direct and reach each point the same day.

☞ Pasquotank Superior Court opened on Monday, his Honor Judge Shuford presiding. His charge to the Grand Jury was out of the "beaten track" and was an excellent one. He is making a favorable impression as an able lawyer and good judge. Solicitor Blount is busy with the State docket, having in all about a dozen cases. We go to press too early for any report this week.

☞ It is only by reiteration that the public mind can be riveted to any important consideration. Hence, believing that the great interests of this section and country will be best promoted by the adoption of the principles and policy of a Protective Tariff, the CAROLINIAN continues their agitation and discussion in order that its readers may become interested and fully understand them,

☞ To the question of "Democrat" the CAROLINIAN replies by asking another: Can you name a single article manufactured in the United States in competition with foreign manufactures the price of which has been increased by the McKinley act or which is not now cheaper than it was in 1880? You cannot do it, for there is not a single commodity of American manufacture the price of which has been increased

☞ In reply to the question, "What States have Woman Suffrage?" the CAROLINIAN will state: In Wyoming women vote equally with men. In Kansas women may vote in municipal elections. Women may vote on public school matters in Colorado, Idaho, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Dakota, South Dakota, Oregon, Texas, Vermont, Washington and Wisconsin.

☞ The Baptist Church was packed, as usual, on Sunday night, and the sermon of the Pastor, Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, was an earnest and effective one. Our Baptist friends are fortunate in securing the services of a man possessing so much energy and vigor Under his ministration they have one of the finest Churches in the State, and out of debt. One of the special features of the services Sunday night was a solo by the sweet singer Miss Mae Morgan.

☞ The CAROLINIAN believes in small farms and thorough cultivation

——Call on Robinson & Co for Paints, oils, lead, zinc, lime, plaster, hair, cement.

☞ The Fishermen at Wade's Point are now doing well. Reports from others are now better.

☞ The CAROLINIAN has seen a young man sell a good farm, turn merchant, break and die insolvent.

——Fowler & Co are ready for the fall trade—an immense stock.

☞ After the juice is squeezed from lemons, a housewife says the peels are useful to rub brass with; dip in common salt, then brush with dry brick dust

——Fowler & Co mean business ALL THE TIME and propose to merit your patronage.

☞ It is not very generally known among farmers, but it is nevertheless a fact, that the same food that makes a pound of dressed beef would make a pound of butter.

☞ C. L. Pettigrew esq. of Plymouth is looming up for the Democratic nomination for Attorney General. The party might go a good deal farther and do a good deal worse.

—— Big shoes, little shoes, high grade shoes, low grade shoes, almost anything in the shoe line at Fowler & Co's.

☞ A Teachers' Institute for the counties of Pasquotank, Camden and Currituck will be held at Camden C. H., next week, to be conducted by Profs. Alderman and McIver.

☞ Says a certain writer: It a woman can have but one accomplishment, the best is a talent for cooking. To have a good meal insures the lives, pleasure and morality of the family. Bad tempers come from empty stomachs, and a melancholy view of life is caused by indigestion

——A careful comparison is all that Fowler & Co ask of their goods and prices

☞ A cotemporary says "the long skirt must go." If he will barely mention that fact to his wife or sweetheart he will speedily amend his proposition. The long skirt will not go as long as it is dear to the feminine heart, whatever human beings of the male sex may think about it.

——BARGAINS.—A seventy-five dollar set of silver service at Ewell's jewelry store for fifty dollars.

☞ A subscriber from Gates, on renewing his subscription, writes:

Several papers are received at this household, but the CAROLINIAN is always the first opened and read. While we like the make up and matter of the entire paper, the "Local Mention" department is always first looked over. It is so spiced with salient points, timely hits, piquant sayings and lively humor as to instruct, interest and amuse. It is alone worth the subscription price.

——Don't forget Fowler & Co when you want to buy a Trunk. You will feel bad over it if you do.

☞ The Guy Bros Minstrels will give a matinee at the Opera House on Saturday afternoon next, and a general performance at night. The CAROLINIAN is authorized to state that it wil be the largest and best minstrel show that has ever been in Elizabeth City. The Wilson *Advance*, in speaking of it, says:

The singing is unrivaled and the fun contagious. And as all minstrel shows should be, the programme is of a length that is not spun out to tediousness, and everybody is sent away delighted with a superior entertainment.

—— No. 1 Timothy hay at Robinson & Co's

☞ The advice of the CAROLINIAN to every head of a family is, Try and secure a home of your own. It makes a man a better citizen and a happier man, With a house and home of his own a man can feel security and peace, and

"Thank God for rest,
Where none molest
And none can make afraid.
For peace that rests
As plenty's guest
Beneath the homestead shade."

—BACKED DOWN, Italy called off the fence and will send a minister to this country. Chili got cool almost as fast as she got hot, but Robinson & Co keep right on selling those splendid California goods, No. 1 Mackerel, Country Hams, Beef Tongue and Sugar cured Meats of all kinds.

LOCAL MENTION

What capers March has been cutting up!—Let the work and repairs on the sidewalks be pushed more vigorously.—The steamer Fairmount of Edenton was thoroughly overhauled on Pailin's Ways last week. —The colored Episcopal vestry have sold their lot on Lawrence street for $300. They are about to purchase another on South Martin street on which to erect a church.—

The political pot
Is getting boiling hot,

—Mr. Richard F. Brown and Miss Mamie Hudgins, of Norfolk, came out on Wednesday's train, procured a license and were married by M. B. Culpepper esq. They went back in the afternoon.—Mrs. P. Ewell is visiting friends at Tarboro.—Still they come, new local subscribers to the CAROLINIAN.—Don't play off mean tricks on the small boy; he has an excellent memory for injustice as well as for benefits conferred. —Mr. Moses Weisel, the popular Water street merchant, is already on deck with a large and elegant assortment of new goods.—The remains of Mrs. Brickhouse of Virginia, a former resident of this place, were brought here for interment on Wednesday —On the evening of the 16th inst, at the residence of the brides' father Mr. Stephen D. Barnes on Green street, Miss Claudia A. Barnes was married to Mr. James M. Hight. The ceremony was performed by Justice M. B. Culpepper. After the ceremony there was a sumptuous repast and several hours of merriment indulged in.—

Watch your corks boys, they need watching;
If you don't there'll be some botching.

—A running account at a store soon gets ahead of a man's pocket in a go-as-you-please race. Better pay as you go.—The steamer Bertie, of Windsor, is on Pailin's Ways for repairs —The building formerly occupied by Mr. Louis Selig, jeweler, has been removed to a vacant lot next to W. L. Walkers store on North Water street.—A lot of improved machinery is being put in the new Planing Mill of Commander & Son. —There are plenty of tall men who are "short," loose men who are "tight," cold men who are "warm" and big men who are "small."—Bring your job printing to Lane Simons at the CAROLINIAN Office. He is better prepared than ever to do all kinds of printing —Mrs. H. Weisel has begun work on a large new brick building on the lot lately occupied by Mr. Selig on Water St, adjoining the store of Moses Weisel. —Mr. Dempsey E. Bray, of Shiloh, called on Thursday —'Can you keep a secret?" asked a Water street young man of his best girl, "Of course I can," she replied, "but I don't want to. What's the use of having a secret that you can't tell?" —There are some hired men so lazy that they will ask a companion to watch the clock for them.—Mr, Jos. T McCabe and bride returned from their Northern trip on Saturday. They have taken rooms at the Albemarle House.—The hotel registers show an increase of travel.—

Don't forget to let us know
Whene'er your friends come and go,

—The "praying wife" whose husband is "not religious" is the hardest worked saint in the calendar.—Another new house going up on Lawrence street.—After a recent debate one of the audience whispered, "Take away women, and what would follow?" "The men," was the reply.—Mr. George Gillis, of Boston, who has been visiting Capt. G. A. Hussey, has returned.—It does seem that the Electric Light managers are "making haste slowly."—It was on Ehringhaus street. "Did you ever have that tired feeling spoken of in a newspaper advertisement?" asked the young man as he gazed fondly at the young lady, upon whom he was making an evening call. "Yes," she said with a glance at the clock, "I have it now." "I'm sorry," he said, "you should take some medicine," and he stayed for an hour or more.—The ground was covered with snow on Saturday morning. Winter "sitting on the lap of spring."—The Versifier contribution this week is headed "Bliss or Woe?" and reads;

Two souls with but a single thought
Two hearts supremely blest,
A minister, a nuptial knot,
And—who can tell the rest?

—Says a new subscriber, "The CAROLINIAN is the best paper in town." So they all say—Dr. John M. Griggs and wife, of South Mills, spent the Sabbath here. The Doctor is getting a fine practice.—Several desirable second story rooms, single or double, in the CAROLINIAN Building for rent.—There is a curiosity in the way of a big horse at the Livery stables of Mr. Trim S. White on Martin street. It weighs 1857 pounds and is a sight to look at. By the way, he has a fine lot of horses for sale.—The meeting at the room of the Y. M. C. A. on Sunday afternoon was quite interesting. The subject was "Rest" and was discussed by Mr. W. H. Morris and others. —Hugh Cale arrived from Washington City on Saturday and left for Raleigh on Monday to attend a meeting of the Trustees of the Colored Agricultural College, of which he is a member, to decide upon its location.—New buildings started on Green and Shepherd streets.—Judge Shuford arrived on Saturday, having recovered from his attack of illness at Camden. He attended service at the Methodist Church on Sunday.—The Grand Jurors at this Court are nearly all quite young men. John B. Culpepper is Foreman.—Dr. F. N Mullen, of South Mills, was in town on Monday. He informed us that he is in his 77th year of age.—Col. Harvey Terry, now of New York, is attending Court this week.—Senator James Parker, of Gates, dropped in yesterday.—Look out for the uniformed Band parade of the Minstrels next Saturday, with 20 pieces.—At the meeting of the Literary Society Monday night selections were read by Miss Ada Melick and Messrs Thomas Johnston and Geo. W. Brothers, and a beautiful solo was sung by Miss Mae Morgan.— We are glad to know that Rev. E M Jordan, the worthy Pastor of the Methodist Church, has again recovered his usual health.—Reserved seats for the Minstrel show at Selig's jewelry store on Water St —Brother Horton, of the Hertford *Dispatch*, gave us a call yesterday. Always glad to greet our brethren of the press.—Miss Mae Gatling, of Norfolk, is visiting the Misses Albertson on Main street, and Miss Sanders, of Richmond, and Miss Mitchell, of Edenton, are visiting Miss Lou Davis on north Road St.—Rev. T. W. Babb, of the Perquimans *Record*, was in town yesterday.

Try it, for it never disappoints. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. At all dealers. Price 25 cents a bottle.

"He who steals my purse steals trash;" but he who wantonly purloins my bottle of Salvation Oil, steals something that enriches him indeed and leaves me bankrupt, a victim to aches and pains, a sorrowing woeful citizen, until I can slowly creap to the nearest drug store.

The Washington Progress says that about ten miles of the rail has been laid on the Atlantic Coast Line's branch to that place, and that the work is progressing rapidly.

Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved.

From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd, of Groton, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles; it has cured me, and thank good I am now a well and hearty woman. Trial bottles free at Alex Wadsworth's drug store, regular size 50c and $1.

Counterfeit silver dollars are still in circulation in many sections of the State.

A GRAND OPPORTUNITY

FOR AN AMBITIOUS YOUNG MAN.

Attend the most renowned, "cheapest, best and highest honored College," the Commercial College of Kentucky University, W. R. Smith, President. It is situated in the beautiful and healthful city of Lexington, Ky., and has an annual attendance of 1,000. 15 efficient and high salaried teachers are employed. It is endorsed by award of Highest Honors at World's Exposition, by 10,000 graduates. Book-keeping, Banking, Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Phonography, Type-writing, Telegraphy, &c, taught. This paper has a full Diploma Business Scholarship in this famous College, which will be disposed of, on reasonable terms, to a deserving young lady or gentleman.

The Baptist State Convention will meet in Winston the 14th of April.

I prescribe Simmons Liver Regulator and it deserves all the praise it receives.—Dr. D. W. Atkinson, Siloam Springs, Ark.

Not the Fun they Expected.

Milwaukee Sentinel.

Some little disappointment must lurk in the bosoms of those Democrats who looked forward, during the present Congress, to prancing and teetering upon the prostrate form of ex-Speaker Reed.

Painting the town red means headache in the morning, Simmons Liver Regulator prevents it.

The merchants say that the fertilizer sales this season will only be 40 to 50 per cent of last season's sales. This shows that the cotton acreage will be reduced and that the farmers are depending more on home-made manure.

LADIES ARE UNFORTUNATE,

because the higher they rise in society the weaker they find themselves bodily. Risley's Philotoken controls the nerves, aids nature in her various functions, and thus combats with the many ills of womankind successfully. If your druggist has not got it he will order it for you for $1 a bottle, from Chas. F. Risley, Wholesale Druggist, 62 Courtlandt St, New York. Send for a descriptive pamphlet, with directions and certificates from many ladies who have used it and can't say enough in favor of Risley's Philotoken. Mar, 16-1 yr.

Raleigh Visitor says: Up to date there have been issued 15,072 warrants for direct taxes refunded, and there remains about $87,000.

FOR DYSPEPSIA,
Indigestion, and Stomach disorders, take
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
All dealers keep it, $1 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

Maj. R. E. Young, a prominent Republican of Henderson, died one day last week.

A GOLD WATCH AND $240.

This is what every Agent receives who gets up a Club on our $1 per week plan.

Our 14 karet gold-filled cases are warranted for 20 years. Fine Elgin or Waltham movement, Stem wind and set, Ladies or Gents size. Equal to any $50 watch To secure agents where we have none, we sell one of the Hunting Case Watches for the Club price $28 and send C. O. D. by express with privilege of examination before paying for same.

Our agent at Durham, N. C., writes "Our Jewelers have confessed they don't know how you can furnish such work for the money."

One good reliable agent wanted for each place. Write for particulars.

EMPIRE WATCH CO.,
11-4 91. 1yr. New York.

Ex-Judge John A Gilmer, after a lingering illness, died on the 17th inst, at his home in Greensboro.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

—TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.—

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in Effect June 1st, 1891.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express Trains, southbound, daily (except Sundays,) leave Elizabeth City at 11.30 A. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M., Northbound, daily except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2.35 P. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9.00 A. M. Both trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk and Western Depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk With all Rail and Steamer Lines, and at Edenton with Steamers for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong Rivers. Transfer steamer to Mackey's Ferry, then by N. & S. R. R. to Roper, Pantego and Belle Haven; connecting with steamer Haven Belle for Bay River, South Creek, &c

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked to all principal Points.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH
FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE.

The new and elegant Steamer NEUSE leaves Elizabeth City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M. for Newberne, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, with the Atlantic Coast Line for Wilmington, Charleston, &c, and with the R. & D. R. R. train for Raleigh, Greensboro, &c. Returning, leaves Newberne Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale on board Steamer for Kinston, Goldsboro and Morehead City.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern R. R., Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street Station, Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station, New York by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River.

For further information apply to T. Selby Harney, Agent Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Norfolk, Va,

M. K. KING, General Manager. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen. Frt. & Pas. Agt

Norfolk and North Carolina CANAL COMPANY.

S. W. GARY, Superintendent.

The Norfolk & North Carolina Canal will admit sharp built vessels drawing five feet water; lighter-built vessels, four feet.

The Locks will admit vessels 96 feet and 16½ breadth of beam.

Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binder, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to the satisfaction of the Canal authorities.

Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from the Office at Norfolk.

Vessels over 90 feet length and over 15 feet beams (the dimensions called for by the Charter) navigate the Canal at their own risk.

Hotels.

New Albemarle House,

C. W. Grice & Bro, Props.

Corner Main and Road Sts,

Elizabeth City, N C.

First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights. Free Bus.

TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 Per Day.

HOTEL MERRIAM.

WATER STREET.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

SITUATED IN THE BUSINESS PART OF THE CITY.

J. E. MERRIAM, Proprietor.

EAGLE HOTEL.

HERTFORD, N. C.

Joseph S. Long, Proprietor.

Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel

Special attention paid to the Comfort of Guests, Table well supplied, Rooms clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the traveling public,

FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers

Terms Reasonable.

J. L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

-- P. EWELL, --

Practical Watch-maker and Jeweler

Will keep constantly on hand a fine line of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, &c. Any article not in stock will be furnished on short notice at reduced price. I guarantee to sell any article in my line as cheap, if not cheaper, than can be bought in any first-class establishment in the Northern cities. All goods guaranteed as represented upon forfeit of double price paid.

PECIAL ATTENTION PAID OT. REpairing, and all work guaranteed for twelve months.

SEE SIGN BIG WATCH,

Water St, (next door to Overman's cor)

Elizabeth City, N. C.

19 Years Experience at Bench.

JOHNNIE

Will they go? Well, I should say so! You could not hold the bargains with a two-inch rope. Should you make a visit to our store and

- GET YOUR -

eyes on the wonderful bargains there offered you will without delay pull —not a

- - GUN - -

but your pocket book and go home loaded down with the purest and best goods the market affords. Call and see how it works.

Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Crockery, Tin-ware, Queensware, Paints, Oil, Rope, Twine, Hay, Lime, Cement &c &c

ROBINSON & CO.

Water Street, - - - Elizabeth City, N. C.

ELIZABETH CITY CRYSTAL ICE COMPANY.

Flora & Brockett, Proprietors.

PURE ICE IN 200 POUND BLOCKS AT Wholesale and Retail,

Cheaper and better than river or pond ice.

Nothing equal to it for the household.

Or for Fish Oysters, &c.

Quotations cheerfully given. Special prices for fifty or more tons.

ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

J. B. FLORA. JAS. G MORRISETTE.

J. B. FLORA & CO.

AGENT FOR DUPONT'S POWDER { "EVERYBODY SAYS" } TOBACCO AND SNUFF AT FACTORY PRICES

That business has been dull and money scarce during the last six months, Notwithstanding this our business has been larger than for any six months since we began, and continues to increase.

Here's Food for Thought

in this condition of things. The reason for it is of great interest to those who have families to provide for. We have been in this business and have done nothing else for twenty years and it is reasonable to suppose that we know our business, when and how to buy to be best served. We purchase in large lots direct from first hands, for cash only, and it will pay you

To Examine Our Stock of

Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery Paints, Oils, Lead Zinc, Varnishes and colors, Buggy and Cart Harness, Saddles, Whips, Ship Chandler Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.

Quotations Cheerfully Given. - Lowest Prices Guaranteed.

New Store, Foot of Main Street, Elizabeth City N. C

—THE LARGEST STOCK OF—

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND SHOES.

Ever shown in Elizabeth City are now open for your examination at

FOWLER & CO'S

WITH PRICES TO PLEASE BOTH AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

NOTICE THIS!

And after you read this advertisement call at my store and examine my stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES and HATS.

&c., &c, and if you see my goods

you will be sure to make a purchase that will please you and make you a customer ever afterwards. Call and look at my stock.

R. SALOMONSKY

Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

☞ Oh my! Have you seen the new Mather Fastening Kid Gloves? No buttons! No hooks! and so convenient. Every pair warranted. They are for sale by Salamonsky. ☜

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE

Because I have something to say that is of interest to practical people,

Because I want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity.

Because people of this class are the people whose trade I desire to win.

THE BEST PEOPLE

are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them, Once one they are staunch customers, not to be budged by bluster.

All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods, in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a high grade of quality.

MOSES WEISEL.

WATER ST, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Furniture, Wares and Stationery.

☞ I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of ☜

Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery, Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glassware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c., &c.

Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES! Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low,

☞ ou Want to Save Money Call and See Me.—

P W MELICK

Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C

A COLLIERY HORROR.

Scores of Men and Women Perish in a Belgian Mine.

Fire Follows an Explosion and Cuts Off All Escape.

An accident occurred a few days ago in the Anderluis Colliery, near Charleroi, Belgium, which resulted in a great loss of life. Two hundred and thirty-four men were working in a gallery 400 feet below the surface, when there was a terrific explosion of fire-damp. Forty of the miners escaped by means of the second shaft and sixteen others were rescued, having received probably fatal injuries. The cage and the ventilator at the mouth of the pit were shattered by the explosion. The destruction of the ventilator added an element of great danger to the situation.

The explosion occurred at 8 o'clock in the morning. The shock caused by it resembled an earthquake, and the ground for a large area in the region of the colliery rocked and trembled for several seconds. Houses were shaken to their foundations, windows were smashed, and crockery and other articles of household ware thrown about and broken. Almost before the tremblings caused by the mighty explosion had entirely died away the people began to rush from their dwellings, and crowds of excited men, women and children flocked to the mouth of the pit. Almost every family in the place had a relative or friend among the men employed in the mine.

As soon as the deadly fumes which had been rushing up the shaft in stifling volumes had been dissipated, and it was thought that the pit could be entered with some degree of safety, a willing band of hundreds of brave men volunteered to descend into the abyss and begin the work of rescue.

The shock of the explosion detached huge masses of rock and earth and the galleries are so blocked with the debris that it was impossible to approach nearer than one hundred yards to the place where the great body of the miners were working. Besides the dirt and rock the carcasses of forty horses blocked the approach to the lower gallery, and these had to be cut up and removed before the rescuers could proceed.

The cries and prayers of the crowd were redoubled as the men at the windlasses in response to the signals of the rescuers began to haul up the limp and blackened forms of from thirty to forty of the miners. The victims were either dead or badly injured and the face of each was fearfully disfigured. A great sheet of flame must have swept through the mine, as the hair, beards and eyelashes of all the unfortunate men had been completely burned off, and their bodies were badly burned.

Among the bodies recovered is that of a fourteen-year-old girl. That she suffered indescribable agony is shown by the young face, which is so horribly distorted that it cannot be recognized. The blackened features are swollen almost beyond all semblance to humanity.

After it was found that the fire was gaining in strength a consultation was held between the mine owners and the engineers, and it was decided that as there was not the slightest doubt that everybody in the mine was dead the only course left open for them to follow if they hoped to recover the bodies was to flood the mine. Preparations were being made to carry out this plan, but before any water could be pumped in cries of "Fire!" were heard on all sides, and at three o'clock the flames ascended to the pit's mouth and sparks were scattered in every direction. A few minutes later an immense column of flame shot through the ventilating shaft, piercing the thick clouds of smoke that were overhanging the shaft. The sight was grandly magnificent as the mass of fire shot upward, but it meant certain death for every person in the mine. This fact was fully recognized by the onlookers, and the wailing and shrieks of those near the pit's mouth increased in violence as the lurid flame tore their last faint hope from them.

In the meantime water had been commenced to be thrown into the burning pit. Before it had descended any distance it was converted into steam and escaped with a tremendous roaring noise, which added to the horror of the situation.

The scene has seldom if ever been equalled in the mining disasters of Belgium. The destruction of the buildings on the surface proceeded without opposition, and by seven o'clock only the walls were standing.

All the heavy machinery at the mouth of the pit was destroyed and fell crashing down the shaft. This acted as a damper against the flames ascending the shaft to the surface, and thereafter little fire could be seen, but it could be heard roaring and seething through the galleries far below the surface.

The calamity has crushed the entire Charleroi district. Nothing is heard save lamentations for the dead. Many of the women who have lost their only support have become hysterical through grief and the doctors are busy attending to them. In some cases all the surviving members of families still surround the blackened pit's mouth, attracted by the very horror that has rendered them without a head.

The Minister of Public Works has ordered the distribution of relief, and the work is now being carried on.

By official computation of the number of victims in the Anderlues tragedy, it appears that there were 234 men and females in the shaft, of whom 154 are dead, eighteen injured and sixty-two saved.

In drilling his men in the Metz (Germany) Barracks Sergeant Lantzsch, of the One Hundred and Thirteenth Regiment, ordered each in succession to step out and take aim at his eye. A raw recruit named Mungersdorf innocently used a ball cartridge in his rifle, and when he fired the sergeant dropped dead. The recruit is under arrest.

Officer A. H. Braley
of the Fall River Police,

Is highly gratified with Hood's Sarsaparilla. He was badly run down, had no appetite, what he did eat caused distress and he felt

Tired all the Time

A few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla effected a marvelous change. The distress in the stomach is entirely gone, he feels like a new man and can eat anything with old-time relish. For all of which he thanks and cordially recommends Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is very important that in the months of

March April May

The blood should be thoroughly purified and the system be given strength to withstand the debilitating effect of the changing season. For this purpose Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses peculiar medicinal powers and it is the

Best Spring Medicine

The following, just received, demonstrates its wonderful blood-purifying powers:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

"Gentlemen: I have had salt rheum for a number of years, and for the past year one of my legs, from the knee down, has been broken out very badly. I have tried medicine for a long time with no good results, and was at one time obliged to

Walk With Crutches

I finally concluded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and before I had taken one bottle the improvement was so marked that I continued until I had taken three bottles, and am now better than I have been in years. The inflammation has all left my leg and it is entirely healed. I have had such benefit from

Hood's Sarsaparilla

that I concluded to write this voluntary statement."
W. J. TEMPLE, Ridgeway, Mich.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills.

EVERY MOTHER

Should Have It in The House.

Dropped on Sugar, Children Love
to take JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT for Croup, Colds, Sore Throat, Tonsilitis, Colic, Cramps and Pains. Relieves all Summer Complaints, Cuts and Bruises like magic. Sold everywhere. Price 25c. by mail; 6 bottles Express paid, $1. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

ARCHBISHOP CORRIGAN received a letter from Rome announcing the appointment of Mgr. McDonnell, Chancellor of the Archdiocese of New York, as Bishop of Brooklyn, to succeed the late Bishop Loughlin.

THE New Jersey Legislature adjourned sine die, after passing the bill legalizing the Reading railroad deal.

NEARLY the entire northern portion of New York State had a taste of the great blizzard that developed in the Northwest a few days before. The snow in some places was two feet on the level and piled by the gale into drifts ten feet deep. All the railroads suffered more or less, many trains having been abandoned, while others that ventured out were stalled in the snow. The storm was especially severe at Oneida, Syracuse, Oswego, Watertown, Auburn, Elmira and Albany.

FRANK AND LEWIS MOORE, of Crozer's Mill, Chester, Penn., died a few days since from poisoning. It was supposed that the lads stole and ate the lunch of some other boy that was dosed with arsenic.

EX-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has written from his winter home in Lakewood, N. J. to General Bragg, of Wisconsin, touching his position in regard to the Democratic Presidential nomination. He expresses a willingness, if called upon by his party, to become a candidate.

THE new twin-screw steamer General Meigs, built for the Quartermaster's Department, United States Navy, was launched at Dialogue's shipyard, Camden, N. J.

THE Attorney General of Pennsylvania has filed at Harrisburg a bill to test the legality of the Reading leases.

LACEYVILLE, Wyoming County, Penn., is almost wholly wiped out by fire.

THE Rhode Island Republicans met in State Convention at Providence and nominated a ticket headed by D. Russell Brown for Governor.

THE steamship Missouri sailed from New York for Russia. Stowed away under her hatches were 5,600,000 pounds of breadstuffs, the voluntary offerings of the American people to the starving peasants of Russia. This, it is estimated, will be sufficient to save and preserve 20,000 people for one year.

South and West.

IT is reported that thousands of acres of winter wheat in Kansas have been damaged by the recent blizzard. In many cases it is stated that the wheat has been blackened and wilted.

JOHN H. BRIGHT, who shot and killed his wife in Laney County, Mo., a day or two ago, has been captured, had a trial, was convicted and executed, Judge Lynch presiding.

LINDSAY A. BENNETT shot his wife three times with a revolver at Atlantic, Iowa. The last shot entered her head, killing her instantly. He then rushed to the house of a neighbor and shot himself twice in the head. He lived about an hour. He was crazy.

J. MISSIGLIA and his seventeen-year-old son were murdered at Yazoo City, Miss., the other night, the murderer being unknown.

THE Texas Legislature met in special session at Austin to choose a United States Senator to fill out Reagan's unexpired term.

S. CAMILLA, an Italian fisherman at Roe Island, Col., had a quarrel with a fellow-fisherman named Cicarelli, shot him dead, and then, towing the body to Benicia, collected $5 from the Coroner for it.

IN the boiler making establishment of Rohan Brothers, St. Louis, Mo., two boys were on the elevator, with half a ton of iron plates, when the rope broke. Three workmen, standing under it, were instantly killed. The boys were severely hurt.

WALTER A. SNYDER, an insane clerk in Tiffin, Ohio, shot and seriously wounded two of his employers and a fellow-clerk, and then killed himself.

SENATOR DAVID B. HILL, of New York, made an address before the Mississippi Legislature, at Jackson, in which he advocated the repeal of the McKinley tariff and Sherman silver laws.

Washington.

THE Postmaster-General has concluded a money order convention between the United States and Austro-Hungary, which will go into effect on April 1.

THE President sent to the Senate the nomination of George P. McLean, of Connecticut, to be Attorney of the United States for the District of Connecticut, vice George G. Sille, term expired.

PRESIDENT HARRISON issued his proclamation announcing the establishment of a reciprocal treaty with Nicaragua under the reciprocity section of the McKinley bill.

THE decendants of General John Patterson, of Revolutionary fame, have asked the United States Government's permission to place a statue of the soldier in the Capitol at their own expense.

THE President has nominated William H. Lawrence, of Pennsylvania, to be Secretary of Legation at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

PRESIDENT HARRISON issued a proclamation declaring the higher rate of duties under the reciprocity clause of the tariff act in force on products from Colombia, Hayti and Venezuela.

THE fifth birthday of Benjamin Harrison McKee, the President's grandson, was celebrated in the White House. The full Marine Band was stationed in the corridors playing selections for his thirty boy and girl guests. They came laden with presents.

REPRESENTATIVE CHAPIN, of Brooklyn, N. Y., has been appointed State Railroad Commissioner of New York by Governor Flower at a salary of $8000 per year.

SECRETARY ELKINS issued an order creating for the War Department a Bureau of Information such as the Navy Department has long found of the greatest usefulness and profit.

Foreign.

A SERIES of explosions in a colliery at Anderlues, Belgium, destroyed the shafting and ventilating appliances, and cut off the exit of the 200 or more miners who were in the pit. Rescuers on the day after the accident had taken out fifty of the miners alive and recovered twenty-nine dead bodies.

THE Salisbury Government was defeated by a vote of 154 to 149 in the British House of Commons on the question of the cancellation of certain votes for the survey appropriation for the proposed Mombasa Railway in Africa.

THE miners' movement for stoppage of work began on the part of the Durham (England) miners, 90,000 in number.

A COLLISION between police and workingmen occurred in Vienna, Austria.

MAIL advices from Padilla bring news of the latest Indian uprising in the Arcos and Cordillera districts of Bolivia. The Toba tribes are at the head of the outbreak, and with them are many other Indians heretofore friendly toward their Spanish neighbors. Half a dozen towns have been destroyed, several frontier missions have been wiped out and murder and pillage are common occurrences.

THE inquest into the circumstances attending the death at Yokohama, Japan, of George Gower Robinson, a prominent broker and society man, shot by Lieutenant J. H. Hetherington, of the United States Gunner Marion, was concluded with a verdict charging Hetherington with wilful murder.

AS she was leaving Yokohama, Japan, the United States steamer Alliance was run on the new breakwater for about forty feet of her length, and it was expected she would be a total loss. The British ship Mercury sent a barge and forty marines to her aid.

BREAD ENOUGH FOR ALL.

Largest Reserve of Wheat in Farmers' Hands Ever Reported.

The March report of the distribution of wheat and corn by the statistician of the United States Department of Agriculture makes the stock of wheat in growers' hands 171,000,000 bushels, twenty-eight per cent. of the crop—68,000,000 of spring wheat, and 108,000,000 of winter wheat, much of the latter in States which have practically no commercial distribution, but entering into local consumption for bread and seed. This is the largest reserve ever reported.

The exports from July 1 to March 1 were 164,000,000 bushels, the fall seed 36,000,000, the consumption apparently 200,000,000 bushels, but a larger proportion is taken for consumption in the fall and winter, and the actual consumption is proportionally greater than in the spring and summer.

The assumed consumption from March 1, 1891, to March 1, 1892, is 300,000,000 bushels for a population of 64,800,000; the exports 206,000,000 bushels; the seed 56,000,000 bushels.

The estimated quantity of corn in farmers' hands is 860,000,000 bushels, or 41.8 per cent. of the crop. This is the largest proportion ever reported, that of 1889 excepted, which was 48.9 per cent., or 970,000,000 bushels. The seven principal States have a surplus of 546,000,000 bushels, or 41.5 per cent. of their product, against 667,000,000 from the great crop of 1889.

FRANK MELBOUENE, the Australian rainmaker now at Seaora, Mexico, is reported to have caused a rain fall of two inches just at the beginning of the dry season.

THE LABOR WORLD.

LONDON, England, has 80,000 barmaids.

OUR coal industry employs 300,000 men.

THERE are 20,000 female farmers in England.

THE average annual wages of workmen in Great Britain were $331 last year.

THERE is a woman in Oregon who has worked twenty years at stonecutting.

THE authorities of Leipsic, Germany, will provide work for the unemployed in that city.

THE strike of the Wellington (British Columbia) coal miners is over. It lasted two years.

IN Chicago, Ill., there are some twenty thousand men idle, drawn there by the World's Fair.

THE National Miners' Federation of Great Britain has 178,513 members on its books, and its defense fund contains over $2,500,000.

FOR the silk blouse waists which sell in the dry goods stores of New York City for $6 and $8 the machine girls get thirty cents for making.

THE Union Pacific Railroad Company, in a statement recently issued, reports that its 24,000 employes receive $1,600,000 per month, or an average of $66.65 each.

THE fur sewers of St. Paul, Minn., went on strike against a reduction of wages of thirty per cent. Their average income per week has been only eight dollars.

THE prejudice against the wearing of whiskers by waiter is reported to be becoming very marked in the leading clubs and restaurants in New York City.

ABOUT 200 women and girls were recently thrown out of employment at Ferry's seed establishment in Detroit, Mich., by the introduction of improved machinery.

UNEMPLOYED workmen of South Australia secured a promise from the Minister of Public Works that the Government would expedite the construction of public works to afford labor for those out of work.

THE manufacturers of Chicago are forming a combination to fight the anti-smoke society. They reason that it is the large manufacturing interests that have built up the city, and that the use of soft coal is a necessity.

FIVE experienced miners from the Comstock mines will leave Virginia City, Nev., very shortly for Peru to help develop the mines of that country. All their expenses to Peru are to be paid, and they are to receive $125 a month each.

THE Chinese factories are mostly quite small establishments, seldom employing more than fifteen or twenty persons. The use of machinery is relatively a small one. These factories deliver cinnabar, cut chair cane, glass, silver and amber articles, preserved fruits, paper, etc.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

12

BEANS AND PEAS.

Beans—Marrow, 1891, choice	$2 00	@	$2 05
Medium, 1891, choice	1 75	@	—
Pea, 1891, choice	1 75	@	—
White kidney, 1891, choice	2 20	@	2 25
Red kidney, 1891, choice	1 85	@	2 00
Yellow eye, 1891, choice	1 65	@	1 70
Lima, Cal., per bush	1 60	@	1 75
Foreign, medium, 1891	1 65	@	1 70
Green peas, 1891, per bush	1 32½	@	1 35
1891, bags	1 30	@	—
1891, Scotch	—	@	1 35

BUTTER.

Creamery—Penn, extras	—	@	29
Elgin, extras	—	@	29
Other West, extras	—	@	28
State dairy—half firkin tubs,			
full tubs, extras	25	@	26
H. f. tubs and pails, 1ds.	22	@	24
H. f. tubs and pails, 2ds.	19	@	21
Welsh tubs, extras	25	@	—
Welsh tubs, 1sts	23	@	24
Welsh tubs, 2ds	19	@	21
Western—Im. creamery, 1sts.	21	@	22
Im. creamery, 2ds	19	@	20
Im. creamery, 3ds	17	@	18
Factory—Fresh, extras	21	@	—
Fresh, 1sts	18½	@	20
Fresh, 2ds	17	@	18
Rolls—Fresh, extras	—	@	21
Fresh, 3ds to 1sts	16	@	20

CHEESE.

State factory—Full cream,			
white, fancy	12¾	@	13¼
Full cream, colored, fancy	12	@	13½
Full cr. good to prime	11	@	11¾
Common to fair	9¾	@	10¾
Part skims, choice	10	@	—
Part skims, good to prime	8¾	@	9¾
Part skims, com. to fair	6	@	8
Full skims	3½	@	5
Pennsylvania—Skims	—	@	3

EGGS.

State and Penn—Fresh	14	@	—
Western—Fresh, fancy	—	@	14
Fresh, fair to good	—	@	—
Southern—Fresh, per doz	13¼	@	13½
Western—Ice house	—	@	—
Limed, per doz	—	@	—

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.

Apples—King, per bbl	—	@	—
Spitzenberg, per bbl	2 00	@	3 50
Baldwin, per d. h. bbl	2 00	@	2 37
Greenings, per d. h. bbl	2 00	@	2 25
Grapes—Western N. Y., Catawba, 5 lb basket	8	@	20
Western N. Y., Concord	—	@	—

HOPS.

State—1891, choice, per lb	24	@	—
1891, prime	22	@	23
1891, common to good	18	@	21
1890, choice, per lb	17	@	18
1890, common to prime	12	@	16
Old odds	6	@	8

LIVE POULTRY.

Fowls—Jersey, State, Penn.,	13½	@	—
Western, per lb	—	@	13½
Chickens, Western	12½	@	13
Local, medium to prime	—	@	13
Roosters, old, per lb	8	@	—
Turkeys, per lb	13	@	14½
Ducks—N. J., N. Y., Penn.,			
per pair	85	@	1 25
Western, per pair	80	@	1 00
Geese, Western, per pair	1 37	@	1 75
Southern, per pair	1 25	@	1 37
Pigeons, per pair	45	@	50

DRESSED POULTRY—FRESH KILLED.

Turkeys—Selected hens, lb.	15	@	16
Mixed weights	13	@	14½
Young toms, fair to prime	12½	@	13½
Old toms	11	@	12
Chickens—Phila., per lb	17	@	20
Fowls—State and Penn., per lb	13	@	14
Western, per lb	13	@	13½
Ducks—Jersey, per lb	—	@	—
State and Penn., per lb	—	@	—
Western, per lb	10	@	15
Geese—Western, per lb	5	@	10
Capons—Phila., extra large	21	@	22
Phila., small to medium	17	@	20
Western, fair to fancy	16	@	20
Squabs—Dark, per doz	3 00	@	3 50

POTATOES AND VEGETABLES.

Potatoes—Jersey, bulk, bbl	75	@	1 12
State Rose and Hebron, per 180 lb	1 25	@	1 31
State, other kinds, 180 lb	1 00	@	1 12
L. I., in bulk, per bbl	1 62	@	1 75
Sweet potatoes, Jersey, bbl	1 50	@	3 00
Cabbage, L. I. per 100	2 00	@	5 00
Onions—Connecticut, red, bbl	2 25	@	—
Orange County, red, bbl	1 75	@	2 12
Orange County, yellow	—	@	—
Eastern, yellow, per bbl	2 25	@	—
Eastern, white, per bbl	5 00	@	8 00
Squash—L. I., marrow, bbl	75	@	1 00
L. I., Hubbard, per bbl	1 00	@	1 25
Turnips, Canada, per bbl	60	@	75
Celery—Fla., per doz. roots	60	@	75
String beans, Fla., per crate	4 00	@	6 00
Lettuce, Southern, per bbl	1 50	@	5 00
Tomatoes, Fla., per bush crate	1 00	@	2 00

LIVE STOCK.

Beeves	3 00	@	5 50
Milch Cows, com. to good	20 00	@	45 00
Calves, common to prime	3 75	@	8 50
Sheep	6 50	@	6 60
Lambs	7 25	@	7 50
Hogs—Live	5 00	@	5 50
Dressed	6	@	8½

GRAIN, ETC.

Flour—City Mill Extra	4 90	@	5 00
Patents	5 10	@	5 25
Wheat—No. 2 Red	99¾	@	1 02¾
Rye—State	98	@	98
Barley—Two-rowed State	53	@	56
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	46	@	49¾
Oats—No. 1 White	—	@	39
Mixed Western	34½	@	36¾
Hay—Good to Choice	75	@	85
Straw—Long Rye	—	@	65
Lard—City [Steam	06.15	@	06.20

FURS AND SKINS.

	Eastern & Northwestern		Southern & Southwestern	
Black bear	$20 00	@ $30 00	$10 00	@ $20 00
Cubs and y'rlings	5 00	@ 15 00	4 00	@ 10 00
Beaver, large	6 00	@ 7 00	5 00	@ 6 00
Beaver, medium	3 50	@ 4 50	3 50	@ 3 50
Beaver, small	1 50	@ 2 00	1 00	@ 1 50
Mink, dark, fine	1 50	@ 2 50	70	@ 1 10
Mink, brown	60	@ 1 00	50	@ 70
Red fox	1 50	@ 1 75	1 20	@ 1 40
Gray fox	90	@ 1 10	70	@ 90
Raccoon, each	50	@ 90	30	@ 60
Skunk, black	1 20	@ 1 25	1 00	@ 1 15
Skunk half strp'd	70	@ 75	60	@ 65
Skunk, striped	35	@ 40	30	@ 35
Skunk, white	15	@ 20	12	@ 15
Opossum, large	30	@ 40	25	@ 30
Opossum, med	15	@ 20	12	@ 16
Muskrat, spring	16	@ 18	14	@ 15
Muskrat, winter	11	@ 12	10	@ 11
Muskrat, fall	7	@ 10	7	@ 8

LATER NEWS.

THE boiler of engine No. 308 exploded on the Catawissa branch at McAuley, Penn., killing two men and injuring three others.

FRANK JEYRILLE, of Altoona, Penn., threw a lighted lamp at his wife Mollie and she was roasted to death.

PROFESSOR CLARENCE O. DOCKERY, aged twenty-seven, Principal of the Alexandria (La.) Business College, engaged in a friendly scuffle with P. Gallagher. Dockery's foot caught in a bracket and he fell to the floor and broke his neck.

SENATOR HILL, of New York, spoke to a big crowd at Birmingham, Ala. At the conclusion of his address, James W. Ridgway, District-Attorney of Kings County, New York, made a brief speech. In the evening Senator Hill and his party were the guests of the Hill Club at a banquet. Senator Hill and his friends them left for Atlanta, Ga.

DR. MOTT SMITH, the newly accredited Minister from Hawaii, was formally presented to the President at the White House.

THE Senate, in executive session, confirmed the nomination of Judson C. Clements, of Georgia, to be an Interstate Commissioner, vice Bragg, deceased.

GENERAL PORTER, Minister to Italy, has been ordered to return to Rome, and it was announced as probable that Minister Fava would return to Washington.

THE steamer Indiana, from Philadelphia, carrying provisions for the relief of the famine sufferers in Russia, reached Libau.

THE correspondence between Secretary Blaine and the Canadian delegates to the recent conference at Washington was transmitted to the Dominion Parliament at Ottawa.

AN avalanche occurred at Belluno, Italy, by which eight persons were killed and considerable property destroyed.

ABRAHAM WANOLA, found frozen near Winnipeg, Manitoba, was lost in a snow storm four days, during which he carried a neighbor, Mrs. Rainage, until she expired.

CHARES SHAW, of Portland, Me., widely known as "Steeple Jack," while repairing the spire of a church at South Livermore, fell from the top and was instantly killed.

THE Secretary of the United States Treasury, Charles Foster, returned to New York from his trip abroad, much improved in health.

THE restriction on the anthracite coal production agreed upon in New York has commenced. The largest collieries in Pennsylvania are being shut down.

DELEGATES to the Republican National Convention were elected by the Iowa State Convention at Des Moines. They were uninstructed.

SENATOR HILL, of New York, spoke at the banquet of the Hibernian Society at Savannah, Ga.

REPORTS from various points in the West show that winter wheat was less hurt than might be expected, and the crop may reach within fifteen per cent. of the phenomenal one of last year.

AFTER five hours spent in secret session the Senate confirmed the nomination of William A. Woods, of the Indiana District bench, to be additional Circuit Judge for the Seventh Federal Circuit. Seven other of the new circuit judges appointed under the provisions of the Evarts act of March 3, 1891, were then confirmed without opposition.

SECRETARY ELKINS issued an order detailing Colonel Robert Williams, Assistant Adjutant-General, to special duty in the newly created Division of Information.

IN the British House of Commons the Irish members made a strenuous attempt to secure a separate Irish exhibit at the Chicago Fair; it was voted to give $50,000 for England's exhibit; the Folkething of Denmark appropriated $66,000 for the Danish exhibit at the Fair.

GENERAL REINA BARRIOS was inaugurated President of Guatemala with much ceremony. The country is in perfect peace.

JOHN H. STEUART, United States Consul to Antwerp, Belgium, died a few days ago at Paris. He was one of the oldest officers in the Consular service. In President Grant's first term he was appointed Consul to Turk's Island, San Domingo.

THE identity of the Liverpool (England) murderer and his victims has been discovered. He is Frederick Deeming, a member of a good family residing in Birkenhead, England.

CALAMITY AT SEA.

Seven Sailors Asphyxiated on a Cattle Steamer.

Seven men out of fourteen who slept in the forecastle on the steamer Navarro, which had sailed from Boston, Mass., for London, England, were found dead in their bunks the second morning out. These men are P. McCabe, J. McDonald, J. Gourice, William Smith, E. Gadistein, E. Perquin and A. Ford. The men were buried at sea. Their seven companions had a narrow escape from the same fate. The Navarro was comparatively a new steamer of 2515 tons register, commanded by Captain Goicoschea. She loaded 404 head of cattle and a general cargo.

In addition to the crew she carried fourteen cattle men, one boss foreman and two refrigerator men.

The fourteen cattlemen slept in the forecastle in rather close quarters. Cattle men do not go aboard a ship, as a rule, in the soberest condition, and the first day at sea has generally a dispiriting effect physically. The Navarro's cattle men were of the ordinary variety. The first night at sea came, the cattle were fed and bedded, and the cattle men then sought the forecastle. The weather was cold and stormy, the men tired and sleepy, and some one suggested that a fire be piled high with coal. This was done, and some one else closed the portholes. None of the men noticed the lack of ventilation until too late. The quality of the coal on the Navarro was unutterably bad.

One by one the men dropped to sleep, aided, doubtless, by the gaseous atmosphere. As the hours rolled on the gas became denser, and the men in the upper bunks were enveloped in its deadly embrace. In the morning, as the men did not appear at the usual hour to attend to the wants of the cattle, the Captain ordered them routed out. The boss cattleman and some of the crew entered the forecastle and were almost overcome by the deadly atmosphere. They found seven men dead and seven almost dead.

GRAND DUKE LUDWIG IV.

The Ruler of Hesse-Darmstadt and Son-in-Law of Victoria Dead.

The Grand Duke Ludwig IV died a few nights ago at Darmstadt. Three of his daughters and Prince Ernst Ludwig, his heir, were at his bedside at the time of his death. The city is in mourning. In the English quarter, where the Grand Duke was especially popular, many houses are draped.

The Grand Duke Ludwig IV. was the nephew of his predecessor on the throne of Hesse-Darmstadt. He was born on September 12, 1837, and married in 1862 the Princess Alice, second daughter of Queen Victoria. She died six years later after bearing him five daughters and one son, the present Grand Duke. In the war of 1866 he commanded a brigade in the Hessian contingent, and in 1870-71 the Twenty-fifth Infantry division of the Ninth army corps. He distinguished himself by his bravery at Gravelotte and in the fighting on the Loire. In June, 1877, upon the death of his uncle, Grand Duke Ludwig III., he ascended the throne. In 1884 he married Pracu von Kolemine, nee Countess Czapska, but was divorced from her shortly afterward. He was liberal in his political views, and despite his tendency toward Englishmen and English ways, was a much more popular ruler than his son is likely to be.

THE iron companies organized to work on the Monaba Range, Minnesota, represent between $76,000,000 and $77,000,000 capital.

A SARATOGA CO. MIRACLE.

HELPLESS FOR YEARS AND EXCLUDED FROM HOSPITALS AS INCURABLE.

THE REMARKABLE EXPERIENCE OF CHAS. QUANT AS INVESTIGATED BY AN ALBANY (N. Y.) JOURNAL REPORTER—A STORY OF SURPASSING INTEREST.

Albany, N. Y. Journal, March 12th.

SARATOGA, March 11th.—For some time past there have been reports here and elsewhere in Saratoga County of a most remarkable—indeed, so remarkable as to be miraculous—cure of a most severe case of locomotor ataxia, or creeping paralysis, simply by the use of a popular remedy known as "Pink Pills for Pale People," prepared and put up by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Morristown, N. Y., and Brockville, Ont. The story was to the effect that Mr. Chas. A. Quant, of Galway, who for the last six or eight years has been a great sufferer from creeping paralysis and its attendant ills, and who had become utterly powerless of all self-help, had, by the use of a few boxes of the Pink Pills for Pale People, been so fully restored to health as to be able to walk about the street without the aid of crutches. The fame of this wonderful, miraculous cure was so great that the Evening Journal reporter thought it worth his while to go to Galway to call on Mr. Quant, to learn from his lips, and from the observation and testimony of his neighbors, if his alleged cure was a fact or only an unfounded rumor. And so he drove to Galway and spent a day and a night there in visiting Mr. Quant, getting his story and interviewing his neighbors and fellow-townsmen. It may be proper to say that Galway is a pretty little village of about 400 people, delightfully located near the centre of the town of Galway, in Saratoga County, and about 17 miles from Saratoga Springs. Upon inquiry the residence of Mr. Charles A. Quant was easily found, for everybody seemed to know him, speak well of him, and to be overflowing with surprise and satisfaction at his wonderful cure and restoration to the activities of enterprising citizenship, for Mr. Quant was born in Galway and had spent most of his life there. Mr. Quant was found at his pretty home, on a pleasant street nearly opposite the academy. In response to a knock at the door it was opened by a man who, in reply to an inquiry if Mr. Quant lived there and was at home, said: "I am Mr. Quant, Will you come in?" After a little general and preliminary conversation, and after he had been apprised of the object for which the Journal reporter had called upon him, he, at request, told the story of himself and of his sickness and terrible sufferings, and of the ineffectual treatment he had had, and of his final cure by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and cheerfully gave assent to its use for publication. He said: "My name is Charles A. Quant. I am 37 years old. I was born in the village of Galway, and, excepting while traveling on business and a little while in Amsterdam, have spent my whole life here. My wife is a native of Ontario. Up to about eight years ago I had never been sick and was then in perfect health. I was fully six feet tall, weighed 180 pounds and was very strong. For twelve years I was a traveling salesman for a piano and organ company and had to do, at least did do, a great deal of heavy lifting, got my meals very irregularly and slept in enough 'spare beds' in country houses to freeze any ordinary man to death, or at least give him the rheumatism. About eight years ago I began to feel distressed in my stomach and consulted several doctors about it. They all said it was dyspepsia, and for dyspepsia I was treated by various doctors in different places, and took all the patent medicines I could hear of that claimed to be a cure for dyspepsia. But I continued to grow gradually worse for four years. Then I began to have pain in my back and legs and became conscious that my legs were getting weak and my step unsteady, and then I staggered when I walked. Having received no benefit from the use of patent medicines, and feeling that I was constantly growing worse, I then, upon advice, began the use of electric belts, pads and all the many different kinds of electric appliances I could hear of, and spent hundreds of dollars for them, but they did me no good. (Here Mr. Quant showed the Journal reporter an electric suit of underwear for which he paid $124.) In the fall of 1888 the doctors advised a change of climate, so I went to Atlanta, Ga., and acted as agent for the Estey Organ Company. While there I took a thorough electric treatment, but it only seemed to aggravate my disease, and the only relief I could get from the sharp and distressing pains was to take morphine. The pain was so intense at times that it seemed as though I could not stand it, and I almost longed for death as the only certain relief. In September of 1888 my legs gave out entirely and my left eye was drawn to one side, so that I had double sight and was dizzy. My trouble so affected my whole nervous system that I had to give up business. Then I returned to New York and went to the Roosevelt hospital, where for four months I was treated by specialists and they pronounced my case locomotor ataxia and incurable. After I had been under treatment by Prof. Starr and Dr. Ware for four months, they told me they had done all they could for me. Then I went to the New York hospital on Fifteenth street, where, upon examination, they said I was incurable and would not take me in. At the Presbyterian hospital they examined me and told me the same thing. In March, 1891, I was taken to St. Peter's hospital in Albany, where Prof. H. H. Hun finally told my wife my case was hopeless; that he could do nothing for me and that she had better take me back home and save my money. But I wanted to make a trial of Prof. Hun's famous skill and I remained under his treatment for nine weeks, but secured no benefit. All this time I had been growing worse. I had become entirely paralyzed from my waist down and had partly lost control of my hands. The pain was terrible; my legs felt as though they were freezing and my stomach would not retain food, and I fell away to 120 pounds. In the Albany hospital they put 17 big burns on my back one day with red hot irons, and after a few days they put 14 more burns on and treated me with electricity, but I got worse rather than better; lost control of my bowels and water, and upon advice of the doctor, who said there was no hope for me, I was brought home, where it was thought that death would soon come to relieve me of my sufferings. Last September, while in this helpless and suffering condition, a friend of mine in Hamilton, Ont., called my attention to the statement of one John Marshall, whose case had been similar to my own, and who had been cured by the use of Dr. Williams's Pink Pills for Pale People.

"In this case Mr. Marshall, who is a prominent member of the Royal Templars of Temperance, had after four years of constant treatment by the most eminent Canadian physicians been pronounced incurable, and was paid the $1000 total disability claim allowed by the order in such cases. Some months after Mr. Marshall began a course of treatment with Dr. Williams's Pink Pills, and after taking some 15 boxes was fully restored to health.

"I thought I would try them, and my wife sent for two boxes of the pills and I took them according to the directions given on the wrapper on each box. For the first few days the cold baths were pretty severe, as I was so very weak, but I continued to follow instructions as to taking the pills and treatment, and even before I had used up the two boxes of pills I began to feel beneficial effects from them. My pains were not so bad; I felt warmer; my head felt better; my food began to relish and agree with me; I could straighten up; the feeling began to come back into my limbs; I began to be able to get about on crutches; my eye came back again as good as ever, and now, after the use of eight boxes of the pills—at a cost of only $4.00—see!—I can, with the help of a cane only, walk all about the house and yard, can saw wood, and on pleasant days I walk down town. My stomach trouble is gone; I have gained 10 pounds; I feel like a new man, and when the spring opens I expect to be able to renew my organ and piano agency. I cannot speak in too high terms of Dr. Williams's Pink Pills for P